## CABINET REPORT / 17 November 2020 BUSINESS MANAGEMENT & MONITORING REPORT September 2020 Report by Corporate Director for Customers and Organisational Development and Director of Finance

### Recommendation

1. To note this month's business management and monitoring report.

## Executive Summary

2. This report sets out Oxfordshire County Council's (OCC's) progress towards Corporate Plan priorities for 2020/21 - September 2020.

#### Introduction

- 3. The Council recognises the importance of timely, accurate and accessible performance and budget management information as part of its commitment to both transparency and demonstrating efficiency and effectiveness.
- 4. These monthly business management reports are part of a suite of performance and budget documents which set out our ambitions, priorities and financial performance. The Corporate Plan sets out the Council's ambitions for the next two years, under our vision for Thriving Communities. It also shows our priority activities for the current business year.
- 5. Our Corporate Plan, Medium Term Financial Plan, Outcomes Framework and previous business management reports, can be found on the Council's website.<sup>1</sup>-
- 6. This report summarises performance and risk within these Business Management & Monitoring Reports. Further information is provided in three annexes:
  - a. Annex A: performance
  - b. Annex B: risk
  - c. Annex C: finance
- 7. The continuing impact of the coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic on the Council's performance can be seen in this report. The majority of councillors and officers continue to work from home, other than those whose work requires otherwise, such as those delivering face to face services or services in particular locations such as highways, libraries and museums (those that are now open). Our fire service colleagues continue to deliver services across the county adhering to social distancing guidelines. When the fire service are using breathing apparatus equipment they wear this in addition to the face coverings. We are proud that our

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Corporate Plan and Medium Term Financial Plan: <u>https://www.oxfordshire.gov.uk/sites/default/files/file/about-council/CorporatePlan2020.pdf</u> Outcomes Framework and previous reports: <u>https://www.oxfordshire.gov.uk/council/about-your-council/plans-performance-and-policies/performance-reports</u>

flexible and resilient approach has enabled us to continue to deliver vital services on which the people and communities of Oxfordshire depend.

- 8. However, as can be seen in Annex A of this report, some services' performance continues to be disrupted by the need to vary or suspend normal operations as part of our planned COVID-19 response. For example, 27 out of 44 libraries across the county, the History Centre and the Oxfordshire Museum are now open, to receive in-person visitors, following NHS safety guidance, which includes limited number of visitors.
- 9. This report helps to demonstrate some of the ways in which the Council is taking climate action for a thriving Oxfordshire. In April 2019, councillors unanimously agreed to take greater action on carbon emissions, including calling on the Leader to set an ambitious target to become carbon neutral by 2030 for our own estate and activities. Since then we have been taking action across all our main areas of influence: our schools, our supply chain, our policy making and our partnerships. This report shows progress towards our ambitions to reduce carbon emissions, improve transport networks and support healthy communities as part of our commitment to tackle climate change (see Annex A indicators 10 to 13).
- 10. The report also supports our commitment to inclusion and equality, which is enshrined in the Council's vision of "Thriving communities for everyone in Oxfordshire" and the newly agreed Equalities, Diversity and Inclusion Framework, Including Everyone. We know that the data and commentary in this report does not tell the whole story of how the Council is working to address inequality: that commitment also runs throughout services and activities which are not reported here. However, this report helps to demonstrate our commitment in action. We also know that inequality persists in Oxfordshire for a variety of reasons and we will continue to use our knowledge and influence to ensure that our services perform well for everyone.

#### Progress towards delivery of Oxfordshire County Council's Corporate Plan

- 11. Oxfordshire County Council's vision for Oxfordshire has six priorities which show our ambitions for the county. Our Corporate Plan specifies outcomes which describe the changes we expect to see as a result of the Council's actions. Performance indicators show the extent to which those outcomes are being achieved, and in turn measures and targets show progress towards the indicators. Collectively, this arrangement is called the Outcomes Framework.
- 12. This year's Outcomes Framework includes 11 outcomes, 27 indicators and 80 measures.
- 13. Every reporting period, the indicators are given a Red, Amber or Green (RAG) rating in these reports, signifying whether or not progress is on track. In deciding RAG ratings, we consider data on current performance and an assessment of progress.
- 14. Each month we use snapshot tables (below) to indicate the main areas of change since the previous report.

15. The information below provides a snapshot of progress towards Corporate Plan outcomes during September 2020, including some of our performance highlights. A full account of progress towards our Corporate Plan priorities is at Annex A.



We listen to residents so we can continuously improve our services and provide value for money

## Performance highlights

- During September the Customer Services Centre recorded 9,576 contacts from all channels; 84% (8,030) of those contacts were resolved at first point of contact, against a target of more than 75%.
- The latest satisfaction survey undertaken by the Customer Services Centre (CSC) during September, reflected that 96.5% were happy with the service they received, 2.5% where Neutral and 1% was dissatisfied. 99% of customers where happy with the experience they received from individual officers.

## Areas for improvement

The Number of pothole enquiries reported on FixMyStreet repaired, or actioned for repair, against the total during the calendar month prior to reporting date is reporting at 26% against a target of more than 50%. This measure is reported in arrears to enable the inclusion of a full month of activity. During August 464 public enquiries were recorded on FixMyStreet in relation to pothole and other carriageway issues; from those 23% are now repaired, 17% are waiting for officers' decision, 3% are waiting for Skanska to repair and 57% were closed with no action (9% were responsibility of other organisations, 45% didn't meet our intervention criteria, 40% don't warrant immediate action but have been placed onto long term planning and 6% were duplicates).

PERFORMANCE SUMMARY							
OUTCOMES	RAG	Change since last report					
Our services	1. Improvement following external inspection/audit	Green	No change				
improve	2. Listening to residents	Amber	No change				
We deliver value for	3. The Council is financially resilient	Green	No change				
money	4. Effective financial management and governance	Green	No change				



We help people live safe and healthy lives and play an active part in their community

## Performance highlights

- Eleven call blockers have been fitted in the homes of vulnerable residents, stopping scam and nuisance calls. Research developed by National Trading Standards indicates that the fitting of these units will see a saving of £280k for residents and public services.
- We continue to exceed the local targets, and England averages, in the number of people receiving support to stop smoking or for drug and alcohol dependency; with 10.4% users of opiates, 47.2% users of non-opiates and 54.8% users of alcohol only that left treatment successfully (free of dependence) who do not represent to treatment again within 6 months. The data for the rate of successful quitters per 100,000 smokers over 18 years old will be published on December 2020.

## Areas for improvement

The Numbers of people helped to live safe and healthy lives, is still be affected by COVID-19. As we continue to follow both Government and OCC guidance to remain COVID-19 safe and protect others, much of our work across our risk reduction activities for children and young adults across all of Community Safety Services continues to be paused. However, our Emergency Planning Team has successfully taken on one work experience placement under the social distancing rules. Also, targets will not be set for GP Providers in 2020/21 as these local suppliers are not prepared to commence full delivery until 2021/22; affecting the data collection for the percentage of eligible population 40-74 who have been invited and/or received an NHS Health Check since April 2017. Focus remains on encouraging those with capacity to target their resources to the patients with the greatest CVD/COVID-19 risk.

PERFORMANCE SUMMARY							
OUTCOMES	RAG	Change since last report					
People are helped to live safe and	<ol><li>Numbers of people helped to live safe and healthy lives</li></ol>	Amber	No change				
	6. Timeliness of emergency response	Green	No change				
healthy lives	<ol> <li>Numbers of people receiving support to stop smoking or for drug and alcohol dependency</li> </ol>		No change				



We provide services that enhance the quality of life and protect the local environment

## Performance highlights

- Work is about to start on a scheme that will open up a new route to benefit cyclists, pedestrians and other users along the A4095 in Bicester. The work, funded by Homes England and the Oxfordshire Housing and Growth Deal, is designed to address expected congestion between Howes Lane (A4095) and Bucknall Road, ensuring road capacity keeps pace with the housing and economic development in and around Bicester.
- People in Oxfordshire has been rated among the best in the whole of the country at recycling. Statistics released by Recycle Now show that through lockdown, Britain has become even more environmentally aware, with nearly 9 in 10 households saying they regularly recycle. The figures come from research carried out during lockdown and an omnibus survey completed in July. The four district councils and the city council in Oxford operate the kerbside collections of household recycling and waste, which Oxfordshire County Council then disposes of. In 2019, 58.62% of household waste was recycled in Oxfordshire overall against a national average of 44.8% according to figures from the Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs (Defra).

## Areas for improvement

The "Engagement with cultural services measure" continues to be affected by COVID-19. Normal Face to face programmes in our museums were not delivered this month, owing to COVID-19. The Oxfordshire Museum, with a 30% reduction in opening hours, welcomed 5,086 visitors to the site (in comparison with September 2019 which had 10,165) and 16 enquirers visited the Museums Resource Centre. Swalcliffe Barn remains closed to the public. Attendances at activities 38 (rate during September 2019 was 791). The History Centre re-opened to visitors, only during 50% of its pre-lockdown hours, with limited seating and pre-booking only. The service was unable to deliver or host events on site.

PERFORMANCE SUMMARY							
OUTCOMES							
Our quality of life in Oxfordshire is	8. Condition of highways	Green	No change				
enhanced	9. Engagement with cultural services	Amber	No change				
Our local	<ol> <li>Reduction in carbon equivalent emissions from OCC's activities</li> </ol>	Green	No change				
environment is	11. Reduced carbon impact of our transport network	Amber	No change				
protected, and climate change is	12. Air quality	Amber	No change				
tackled	<ol> <li>Household waste re-used, recycled or composted</li> </ol>	Amber	No change				



# We strive to give every child a good start in life and protect everyone from neglect

## Performance highlights

- More children in Oxfordshire have returned to school in September than the national average and figures are improving week on week. On the 2nd October 94% of primary and 90% of secondary children were in school compared to a national average of 87%
- We are beginning to see an increase in demand for social care. There were 2411 contacts into the MASH (multi-agency safeguarding hub) in September this year compared to 1611 last September. This rise is likely to move through the social care system and lead to an increase in the number of families we are working with.

## Areas for improvement

In the last 12 months 50% of Education health and Care plans have been issued in 20 weeks. Performance has generally been improving with 56% of plans issued in 20 weeks in September. Even with COVID-19 requests this year remain at last year's level are at last year's level and 36% higher than 2018.

PERFORMANCE SUMMARY					
OUTCOMES	INDICATORS	RAG	Change since last report		
	14. Prevalence of healthy children	Amber	No change		
Children are given a	15. Number of looked after children	Amber	No change		
good start in life	16. Numbers of children's social care assessments	Green	No change		
	17. Number of child protection plans	Green	No change		
Children are able to achieve their potential	18.Timeliness completing Education, Health &Care Plans	Amber	No change		



We enable older and disabled people to live independently and care for those in greatest need

## Performance highlights

• To support people to live independently we are purchasing more home care, with 19% more hours of care purchased in September compared to the start of the year. This has helped us to help more of the people we support with long term care to stay in their own homes. At the start of the year 68% of the people we supported were

able to live in their own home with 32% in a care home. In the last 6 months this has risen to 71%.

 In the first 6 months of this year the number of requests for advice or support that have come into social work teams this year has increased by 21% compared to the same time last year. We continue to offer advice, signpost and provide one-off interventions where possible, and the number of people receiving on-going services is within 1% of the number at the start of the year.

#### Areas for improvement

We want more people who may need care to have the opportunity for reablement (a short term intervention to help them to return to their previous level of functioning). As such we are looking to increase the amount of reablement in Oxfordshire next year through a new contract.

## PERFORMANCE SUMMARY

OUTCOMES	INDICATORS	RAG	Change since last report
Care services support independent living	<ol> <li>People needing short-term support can access an effective service</li> </ol>	Not assessed	No change
	20. Number of people with control over their care	Green	No change
	21. Number of people delayed leaving hospital	Green	No change
	22. People needing social care are supported to stay in their own home	Green	No change



## We support a thriving local economy by improving transport links to create jobs and homes for the future

#### Performance highlights

- The Business Safety Week was delivered between 7th and 13th September, with Oxfordshire Fire and Rescue Service encouraging business owners and 'responsible persons' to ensure they review fire risk assessments; urging Businesses across Oxfordshire that have had to make changes due to COVID-19 to make sure fire safety remains a top priority.
- The "Enhanced digital connectivity for residents and businesses" measure has changed its status from Amber to Green during September. Connections across Oxfordshire picked up markedly over the Summer with over 1,000 premises being connected. This quarter saw the closure of the Better Broadband for Oxfordshire Programme; this programme had an original target of 64,500 premises to be connected which now stands at over 79,000 achieved. The targeted percentage superfast coverage was 90%, is now standing at 97.9%, the targeted take-up of services was 20% and is currently above 74%. All achieved whilst accruing an underspend of c £3m.

## Areas for improvement

The measure "Infrastructure delivery supports growth" has changed its status, from Red to Amber during September. There is a robust plan in place to achieve 100% by end of March 2021 and a full review of the pipeline of work is ongoing currently to re-baseline the programme.

PERFORMANCE SUMMARY						
OUTCOMES	RAG	Change since last report				
Everyone has access to	23. Infrastructure delivery supports growth	Amber	Red			
waad hamaa and laha	24. Number of new homes	Amber	No change			
grow and develop	25. Support for a strong local economy	Amber	No change			
People and communities Have excellent transport	26. Levels of disruption to journeys	Amber	No change			
	<ol> <li>Enhanced digital connectivity for residents &amp; businesses</li> </ol>	Green	Amber			

## Managing risk

- 16. The most senior level of risk management in the Council is carried out collectively by the Chief Executive's Direct Reports (CEDR). CEDR manages the Council's "leadership risks" – those risks that are significant in size and duration and could impact on the performance of the Council as a whole, and in particular on its ability to deliver its strategic priorities. This may include operational risks escalated from services to the leadership level due to the potential scale of their impact.
- 17. The Council's Leadership Risk Register (see Annex B) forms the basis of our COVID-19 risk management approach.

Risk Ref	Risk Title	Residual Risk Score	D'tion of travel	Latest Update
LR1	Demand management	20 High Risk (R)	$\leftrightarrow$	Risk reviewed
LR2	Safeguarding of vulnerable adults and children	15 High Risk (R)	$\leftrightarrow$	Risk reviewed
LR3	Capital Infrastructure Programme Delivery	15 High Risk (R)	$\leftrightarrow$	Risk reviewed
LR4	Local resilience, community resilience, cohesion	8 Medium Risk (A)	$\leftrightarrow$	Risk reviewed
LR5	Management of partnerships (non-commercial)	6 Low Risk (G)	$\leftrightarrow$	Risk reviewed
LR6	Supply chain management	8 Medium Risk (A)	$\leftrightarrow$	Risk Reviewed
LR7	Delivery of statutory duties	4 Low Risk (G)	$\leftrightarrow$	Risk Reviewed
LR8	Corporate governance	2 Low Risk (G)	$\leftrightarrow$	Risk reviewed

LR9	Workforce management	9 Medium Risk (A)	$\leftrightarrow$	Risk reviewed
LR10	Organisational Change and Service Design	12 Medium Risk (A)	$\leftrightarrow$	Risk reviewed
LR11	Financial resilience	15 High Risk (R)	$\leftrightarrow$	Risk reviewed
LR12	Property and assets (maintenance cost)	6 Low Risk (G)	$\leftrightarrow$	Risk Reviewed
LR13	Health and safety	8 Medium Risk (A)	$\leftrightarrow$	Risk Reviewed
LR14	Business continuity and recovery	8 Medium Risk (A)	$\leftrightarrow$	Risk reviewed
LR15	Cyber security	12 Medium Risk (A)	$\leftrightarrow$	Risk Reviewed.
LR16	ICT Infrastructure	8 Medium Risk (A)	$\leftrightarrow$	Risk reviewed
LR17	COVID-19 – Community and Customers	16 High Risk (R)	$\leftrightarrow$	Risk reviewed
LR18	COVID-19 – Business Continuity	20 High Risk (R)	$\leftrightarrow$	Risk reviewed

- 18. The table above provides a summary of the Council's leadership risks at 21<sup>st</sup> October 2020. Risks are assessed for both their likelihood (on a scale of 1-4) and their impact if they were to happen (on a scale of 1-5), which are then combined to give each risk a score. Once all management controls are taken in consideration, each risk's "residual score" is recorded. This can be seen in detail in Annex B, and in summary in the table below. Higher scores indicate more significant risks: in OCC a score of 20 is the highest possible.
- 19. During September all leadership risks have been reviewed thoroughly, and there has been no score changes.
- 20. The full Leadership Risk Register is attached in Annex B.

## **Financial management**

## 21. Summary of the Council's financial position

22. Based on expenditure to the end of September 2020 and includes the virements agreed by Council on 8 September 2020, there is a forecast directorate underspend of -£1.1m. There is also a net underspend on Corporate Measures of -£0.5m relating to additional interest earned. There is no change to the position reported last month.

Directorate	Latest Budget 2020/21	Forecast Outturn 2020/21	Forecast Outturn Variance September 2020	Forecast Outturn Variance 2020/21
	£m	£m	£m	%
Children's Services	131.9	131.9	0.0	0.0
Adult Services	196.4	196.4	0.0	0.0
Communities	87.2	87.1	-0.1	0.0
Customers & Organisational Development	27.0	27.3	+0.3	1.1
Commercial Development, Assets and Investments	32.2	30.9	-1.3	-4.0
Total Directorate Position	474.7	473.6	-1.1	-0.2
Corporate Measures	-493.0	-493.5	-0.5	-0.1
COVID-19 – Budget for costs and income losses	18.3	18.3	0.0	0.0
Overall Surplus/Deficit	0.0	-1.6	-1.6	

- 23. The virements agreed by Council on 8 September 2020 included expenditure budgets in relation to COVID-19 costs to the end of July. It is expected that these costs will increase as the year progresses and that further income losses materialise. The COVID-19 Budget for costs and income losses is a one off budget available in 2020/21 and will be used to fund these pressures. A virement will be requested as part of the next report to move budget from the COVID-19 budget to the services where costs have occurred, or income losses are realised for the period August to October 2020.
- 24. The current forecast for general balances at 31 March 2021 is £30.3m, compared to the position at 1 April 2020 of £28.7m. This position assumes that forecast Directorate underspend of £1.1m and the Strategic Measures underspend of £0.5m are returned to balances.
- 25. 83.5% of planned savings totalling £20.3m are on track to be delivered in 2020/21. £1.6m of savings that are not expected to be achieved in year are reflected in the Directorate forecast outturn position. The majority of these savings relate to income generation which has been affected by the Covid-19 pandemic. All the £14.9m in-year savings agreed by Council on 8 September are expected to be delivered.
- 26. See Annex C for further details and commentary.

CLAIRE TAYLOR Corporate Director for Customers and Organisational Development

## LORNA BAXTER

Director of Finance

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#### ANNEX A – PERFORMANCE DASHBOARDS

OUTCOME	INDICATOR	OUT- LOOK	MEASURE	TARGET	RATE / LEVEL	COMMENTARY
	1. Improvement		Proportion of actions dealt with on time after any external inspection (Ofsted, CQC, HM Inspector of Fire & Rescue)	90%	100%	We continue to progre the HMICFRS inspecti as completed.
	following audit or inspection	$\leftrightarrow$	The proportion of social care providers rated as 'outstanding' or 'good' by the Care Quality Commission in Oxfordshire remains above the (monthly) national average (84% in Apr 19).	> national average	93%	93% of social care pro outstanding, compared
Our services improve			Number of pothole enquiries reported on FixMyStreet repaired, or actioned for repair, against the total during the calendar month prior to reporting date	> 50%	26%	<ul> <li>Total public enquiries i other carriageway issu</li> <li>107 (23%) are now</li> <li>264 (57%) were closed of the set of the</li></ul>
	2. Listening to residents	$\leftrightarrow$	Increase the number of FixMyStreet Super-User Volunteers from among members of the public	+4 per month	1	Impacted by COVID-19 SuperUser (SU) schen media (TV & radio) hol SU and Cllr Liam Walk interested in being trai Town Councils are also more SU's. Site training is still on h are being progressed. contracts for signing an requirements. Meetings have also be expressed an interest
			Increase the % of residents calling the Customer Services Centre who are satisfied with the overall service that they have received	>85%	96.5%	area. The Customers Service survey one week every Latest satisfaction survey 3,073 which is 4%. 96.5% were happy with Services. 2.5% where Neutral 1% was dissatisfied

ress our actions for improvement areas following ction and we have moved to closing some actions

roviders in Oxfordshire are rated as good or red to 84% nationally

s recorded on FixMyStreet in relation to pothole and sues in August was 464. Of these:

ow repaired.

- closed without immediate action. Of this group: responsibility of other organisations
- meet our intervention criteria
- arrant immediate action but have been placed onto nning. (Dragon, Drainage, resurfacing programmes) plicates of other enquiries
- awaiting a decision from officers.
- ing for Skanska to repair
- eported in arrears to enable inclusion of full month

-19. However, during September the FMS neme received a lot of publicity through the Oxford holding roadside interviews with the Steeple Aston alker successfully generating approx. 20 new SUs rained. In addition, Banbury, Bicester and Abingdon also interested which could generate a further 10 or

n hold whilst new developments to the FMS system d. Meanwhile we are sending out agreement and putting in place any pre-site training

been held with Oxford City/ODS who have st in the SU scheme covering the inner ring road

vice Centre undertakes a customer satisfaction ery month.

urvey - September - 116 customers surveyed out of

vith the service they received from Customer

							99% of customers whe individual officers.
				Increase the % of callers whose enquiry is resolved at the first point of contact	>75%	84%	9,576 contacts recorder resolved at first point of
							During September, the inbound calls and mac increased and the inbo same time last year. T and Death enquiries h average handle time.
							Registration (increase Team (8% increase) c 2019.
			Reduce the % of calls to the Customer Services Centre which a abandoned by the caller	Reduce the % of calls to the Customer Services Centre which are abandoned by the caller	<5%	11%	School admissions con September 2019 due t the summer holidays.
							Residential Parking Pe phone (1,277 calls) co mainly due to new Cou renewing and the num Universities. The num staff are working throu permits that were issu during lockdown, when Staff are now on-site of sent.
	3. The Council is financially resilient	G R E E N	$\leftrightarrow$	Financial indicators contained in the Financial Strategy are on track	100%	65%	The measures taken in target, with the tempor resulting in lower level Green as whilst perfor related to COVID-19, a financial resilience.
Our services				General balances remain at or above the risk assessed level	100%	129%	Balances are forecast
improve and deliver value for money				Directorates deliver services and achieve planned performance within agreed budget	< +/-1% variation to net budget	-0.2%	Based on expenditure virements agreed by C directorate underspen
	4. Effective financial	G R		Capital projects are delivered on time and within budget	>80%	n/a	No variation is reporte
	management and governance		$\leftrightarrow$	Systems and processes operate effectively and are well controlled to reduce and detect error and fraud (as measured by the percentage of Green- or Amber-rated internal audit reports relating to financial systems)	100%	n/a	There have been no c systems and processe

here happy with the experience they received from

rded from all channels. 8,030 contacts (84%) were t of contact.

he Customer Services Centre received 16,186 ade 8,057 outbound calls. Demand to the CSC has bound call volumes are 5.85% higher than the The complexity of calls in Adults Social Care, Births has also resulted in an increase of over 6% in the

sed from 689 to 1,786) and Social and Healthcare calls continue to be high compared to September

contacts continued to be high but are comparable to e to the number of requests to change schools over s.

Permits has seen an increase in demand on the compared to September 2019 (855 calls). This is controlled Parking Zones coming in, big zones umber of students moving to the area for umber of permits to be produced is also high which ough. This includes replacing all the temporary sues at the beginning of lockdown in March and here we could not be on site to print the permits. e daily processing and printing the permits to be

in response to COVID-19 have impacted on this porary suspension of debt recovery in particular vels of performance. Overall, the indicator remains ormance levels are below target it is generally 0, and mitigation has been taken to maintain good

st to be £30.3m at 31 March 2021.

re to the end of September 2020 and including the council on 8 September 2020, there is a forecast end of -£1.1m.

ted at this point in the year.

completed internal audit reports on financial ses at this stage of the year.

WE HELP PEOPLE LIVE SAFE AND HEALTHY LIVES AND PLAY AN ACTIVE PART IN THEIR COMMUNITY								
OUTCOME	INDICATOR	OUT- LOOK	MEASURE	TARGET	RATE / LEVEL	COMMENTARY		
			Number of vulnerable children and adults helped to live more secure and independent lives	3,080	2,930	Since July we have conti Safe and Well and have expectations. We continue However, the second war able to increase the num During lockdown, a signif Trading Standards team more vulnerable to scame related scame). Eleven call blockers have stopping scam and nuisa Trading Standards indica of £280k for residents an		
	5. Numbers of people helped to live safe and healthy lives		Number of children better educated to live safer and healthier lives	7,002	63	As we continue to follow COVID-19 safe and prote reduction activities for ch Safety Services continue Planning Team has succ under the social distancir Fire Cadet meetings re-s month break in an online		
People are helped to		$\stackrel{A}{\rightarrow}$	% of eligible population 40-74 who have been <u>invited</u> for an NHS Health Check since April 2017	No target	No data	Targets will not be set for are not prepared to common on encouraging those wit with the greatest CVD/CC		
live safe and healthy lives		ł	% of eligible population 40-74 who have <u>received</u> an NHS Health Check since April 2017	No target	No data	Targets will not be set for are not prepared to common on encouraging those wit with the greatest CVD/CC		
			Numbers of people walking or cycling increase (5% and 2% respectively) over the 19-20 baseline for Oxfordshire in the Government's Active Lives Survey	Walking 3,060,000 Cycling 666,000	Rate not available	Due to COVID-19 and its mode share, it is very diff measure and target. How importance of significantly context, our increased an by cycling and walking ne with the added requirement impacts of our interventio Walking Infrastructure Pla		
			Increase in Making Every Contact Count conversations (encouraging behaviour changes that have a positive effect on physical or mental health and wellbeing) initiated with residents by Cultural Services staff	+10%	71%	This is a very important h partial reopening and the to restart as customers and and avoid direct contact w hold a conversation while continue to rebuild this pr		

ntinued to increase the number of physical visits for e made significant progress to meet our nue to ensure prioritisation for high risk households. vave of COVID-19 has prevented us from being mbers of crews carrying out Safe and Well visits. nificant amount of work was undertaken by our m to directly reach those residents who may be ms and financial abuse (including COVID-19

ve been fitted in the homes of vulnerable residents, sance calls. Research developed by National cates that the fitting of these units will see a saving and public services.

w both Government and OCC guidance to remain otect others, much of our work across our risk children and young adults across all of Community les to be paused. However, our Emergency ccessfully taken on one work experience placement cing rules.

-started at the beginning of September after a fivele video meeting format.

for GP Providers in 2020/21 as these local suppliers nmence full delivery until 2021/22. Focus remains with capacity to target their resources to the patients COVID-19 risk.

or GP Providers in 2020/21 as these local suppliers nmence full delivery until 2021/22. Focus remains with capacity to target their resources to the patients COVID-19 risk.

ts varied effects on overall travel patterns and difficult to forecast performance against this owever, the current situation has emphasised the ntly increasing levels of Active Travel. In this ambition means how we measure / monitor travel needs reviewing and targets will need to be reset, nent for more specific indicators to measure the tions where we have developed Local Cycling and Plans.

health prevention programme. Aside from the ne expected drop in visitors, this is a difficult service are being asked to reduce their time in libraries t where possible. It has been less conducive to ile both parties are wearing face coverings. We will programme given its previous positive outcomes.

6. Timeliness of	GR		More people alive as a result of our "365 Alive" prevention, protection and emergency response activities	533	272	Despite the low number of areas of the measure over overall measure.
emergency response	EEN	ſ	% of emergency call attendances made within 11 minutes	80%	89.27%	The response times to en expectations.
			% of emergency call attendances made within 14 minutes	95%	97.01%	The response times to en expectations
		$\leftrightarrow$	Rate of successful quitters per 100,000 smokers 18+	> 3,564	1839	The 2020/21 target was s impact of COVID-19 on C published on 7th Decemb
7. Numbers of people receiving support to stop smoking or for drug and alcohol dependency	G		Number of users of OPIATES that left drug treatment successfully (free of drug(s) of dependence) who do not then re-present to treatment again within 6 months as a percentage of the total number of opiate users in treatment.	> 6.6%	10.4%	We continue to exceed lo
	R E E N		Number of users of NON-OPIATES that left drug treatment successfully (free of drug(s) of dependence) who do not then re-present to treatment again within 6 months as a percentage of the total number of non-opiate users in treatment.	> 36.6%	47.2%	We continue to exceed lo
			Number of users of ALCOHOL ONLY that left treatment successfully (free of alcohol dependence) who do not re-present to treatment again within 6 months as a percentage of the total number of ALCOHOL ONLY users in treatment.	> 42.8%	54.8%	We continue to exceed lo
	emergency response 7. Numbers of people receiving support to stop smoking or for drug and alcohol	emergency responseR E N7. Numbers of people receiving support to stop smoking or for drug and alcoholG R E N	emergency response       E E N       ↑         7. Numbers of people receiving support to stop smoking or for drug and alcohol       G R E N       G R E E N	6. Timeliness of emergency response       ↑ <ul> <li></li></ul>	6. Timeliness of emergency response activities       533         6. Timeliness of emergency response activities       533         % of emergency call attendances made within 11 minutes       80%         % of emergency call attendances made within 14 minutes       95%         Rate of successful quitters per 100,000 smokers 18+       > 3,564         Number of users of OPIATES that left drug treatment successfully (free of drug(s) of dependence) who do not then re-present to treatment again within 6 months as a percentage of the total number of opiate users in treatment.       > 6.6%         Number of users of NON-OPIATES that left drug treatment successfully (free of drug(s) of dependence) who do not then re-present to treatment again within 6 months as a percentage of the total number of non-opiate users in treatment.       > 36.6%         Number of users of ALCOHOL ONLY that left treatment successfully (free of alcohol dependence) who do not re-present to treatment again within 6 months as a percentage of the total number of ALCOHOL ONLY       > 42.8%	6. Timeliness of emergency response $g_{\rm E}$ N1 $g_{\rm emergency}$ response activities $533$ $2/12$ 6. Timeliness of emergency response $\uparrow$ $\uparrow$ $g_{\rm emergency}$ response activities $533$ $2/12$ 7. Numbers of people receiving support to stop smoking or for drug and alcohol dependencyRate of successful quitters per 100,000 smokers 18+ $>3,564$ 18397. Numbers of people receiving support to stop smoking or for drug and alcohol dependencyNumber of users of OPIATES that left drug treatment successfully (free of drug(s) of dependence) who do not then re-present to treatment again within 6 months as a percentage of the total number of opiate users in treatment. $> 6.6\%$ 10.4%Number of users of ALCOHOL ONLY that left treatment successfully (free of alcohol dependence) who do not then re-present to treatment again within 6 months as a percentage of the total number of non-opiate users in treatment. $> 36.6\%$ 47.2%Number of users of ALCOHOL ONLY that left treatment successfully (free of alcohol dependence) who do not re-present to treatment again within 6 months as a percentage of the total number of ALCOHOL ONLY $> 42.8\%$ $>42.8\%$

overall as Co-responding calls, we are on track in all other

emergency calls continues in line with OFRS's

emergency calls continues in line with OFRS's

s set at 3564 but has been adjusted due to the a Quarter 1 2020/21. Quarter 2 data will be mber 2020.

l local targets and England averages

l local targets and England averages

l local targets and England averages

WE PROVIDE SERVICES THAT ENHANCE THE QUALITY OF LIFE AND PROTECT THE LOCAL ENVIRONMENT							
OUTCOME	INDICATOR		OUT- LOOK	MEASURE	TARGET	RATE / LEVEL	COMMENTARY
				Defects posing immediate risk of injury are repaired within 24 hours	100%	99.3%	Cumulative rate and c one month in arrears.)
	8. Condition	G R E	$\leftrightarrow$	Defects creating potential risk of injury repaired within 28 calendar days	90%	99.2%	Cumulative rate and c one month in arrears.)
	of highways	EN		Kilometres of highway resurfaced as % of total	3.07%	2.42%	The annual plan for 20 calculated as 3.07% of from April to Septemb 2.42% of the network
Our quality of life in Oxfordshire is enhanced				In person engagement with Heritage services by increasing numbers of a) daily visits, b) attendances over 2019-20 level	a) 3% b) 2%	Museums Service a)- 55% b) -95.2% History Service a) -74% b) -79%	Museum Service: Normal Face to face p to COVID-19. The Oxf opening hours, welcor 10,165) and 16 enquir (September 2019=17) September 2019=58) =791). Service not del History Service: In-person engagemen 78 visitors (Septembe 15 attendees at events History Centre re-oper hours, with limited sea The service was unab
	with cultural	A M B E R	$\leftrightarrow$	Online engagement with Cultural Services, (social media, website visits, remote enquiries)	Baseline to be set	Reporting quarterly	Museum Service Overall online engage period last year, but so History Service: Online/remote engage representing a 11.5 % This includes answerin 300% on September 2 Library Services: Online engagement (s 151,999 The figure for Quarter
				Improve access to library services by increasing numbers of a) active users b) new users and c) daily visits, over 2019-20 levels	a) 3% b) 2% c) 1%	a) -26% b) -60% c) -78.5%	A phased re-opening a) Active users Sept 2 this is a reduction of 2 have borrowed eBook or social media output b) New borrowers Sep 1,084.

covers all defects April to August. (Data is reported s.)

covers all defects April to August. (Data is reported s.)

2020 total surfacing programme has been 6 of the network (excluding patching). The figures nber are cumulative, therefore as at 30 September rk has been resurfaced.

e programmes were not delivered this month owing Oxfordshire Museum, with a 30% reduction in comed 5,086 visitors to the site (September 2019 = uirers visited the Museums Resource Centre 7). Swalcliffe Barn remains closed to the public. 88). Attendances at activities 38 (September 2019 delivering 'activities' on site or as outreach

ent September 2020: ber 2019 = 298) ents (September 2020 = 73). bened to visitors for only 50% of its pre-lockdown beating and pre-booking only. able to deliver or host events on site.

gement in September down by 18.5% on same social media interaction up by 49%.

gement September 2020 = 80,083 engagements % increase from September 2019. ering 659 remote enquiries, an increase of over er 2019.

(social media and website visits) for September is

er 2 (July/Aug/Sept) is 541,191

ng of the library network commenced in July 2020.

at 2019= 81,829. Active users Sept 2020 = 59,954 - 62000 = 59,954 - f 26.7%. This figure does not count customers who poks or engaged with the digital offer (e.g. Ref online put)

Sep 2019 = 2,754. New borrowers Sep 2020 =

							c) Daily visits Sep 20 The reduction is due opening after the lock COVID-19 pandemic, many customers and frequency.
				Yearly reduction of 6% in carbon equivalent emissions from Council estates & activities (to be Carbon Neutral by 2030)	6%	Rate not available	This is an annual mea report. It is anticipated
	10. Reduction in carbon equivalent	GRE		% of streetlights fitted with LED lanterns by March 2021	40%	26.5%	As of 30 September, the 59,631 streetlights 26.5% of the total stree September. The capit phase replacing 2,898 March 2021. • The LED repla
	equivalent emissions from OCC's activities	L E N	$\leftrightarrow$				<ul> <li>carried out ove 2025.</li> <li>The 1st two yes with the most s energy.</li> </ul>
Our local environment				Increase the number of staff who have accessed the Council's Cycle to Work scheme	-	-	The majority of OCC s the Council's respons will begin when office
is protected, and climate change is tackled							Park and Charge proj project partners. The reviewed. It is planne in January 2021. Ren installed between Jur
	11. Reduced carbon impact of our transport network	AMBE	$\leftrightarrow$	Increase a) the total number of electric vehicle (EV) charging points and b) the number of electric vehicles charging points per 100,000 population, compared with 2019-20 baseline	150 for Park and Charge Project by end October	Rate not available	The development of t targets for EV installa and funding led. Althor is moving well and the being released that O
		R			2021		Annual target relates further reviewed. Suc control of OCC, but w number of chargers - charging spaces cour
				% of highway maintenance construction, demolition and excavation waste diverted from landfill	90%	99.8%	Rate is the average for arrears).
	12. Air quality	A M B E R	$\leftrightarrow$	Quarterly assessment of air quality as reported by District and City councils' air quality monitoring	Reporting only	Rate not available	There is limited air qu assessments is expect the successful recruite manage the work on a part of the Council's S soon be underway wite establishing a strategi identifying specific me Quality Management

2019 = 219,422. Daily visits Sep 2020 = 47,274. e to the service operating a gradual and phased reckdown restrictions have been eased during the ic. Anecdotally, there remains uncertainty amongst ind a reluctance to return to library visits at a normal

easure and is due to be reported in the October ed that predicted reduction will be achieved.

r, 15,781 LED lanterns have been converted from hts across the county over the past 6 years. This is treetlight assets. 282 were replaced during bital programme commences in October with the 1st 98 lanterns with LED equipment by the end of

lacement programme has been reprofiled to be ver a 5-year period and to be completed by Summer

vears of the programme are focused on the units t significant consumption and potential to save

C staff were instructed to work from home as part of nse to COVID-19. Reporting on this new measure ces and workplaces reopen.

oject was delayed due to COVID-19 impacts on e timing plan for charger installation has now been ned to first do a pilot car park in Bicester - completion emaining car parks (between 24 to 27) will then be une 2021 and October 2021.

f the EV Strategy should help with measurable lation and vehicle usage. Most factors are market hough there are delays in projects, the EV strategy here are new funding bids developing and funding OCC's iHUB and partners would like to explore.

s to the Park and Charge project only. This is being access of charging installation is not under the we can facilitate the project. (Note 150 relates to - each charger is a twin socket making 300 untywide).

for April to August (data is reported one month in

quality data, although improved reporting of the ected to be available from November. This follows uitment of a new Air Quality Programme Manager to n air quality strategy, monitoring and action plans as Strategic Planning Team. Discussions will also with service areas and partner organisations about egic framework for managing air quality, including measures and actions required in designated Air nt Areas.

				Minimise the number of traffic routes diverted (e.g. due to roadworks) signposted into Air Quality Management Areas, where air quality has been recognised formally as an issue.	< 10 p.a.	0	No diversions have be Areas.
	waste re- used,	A M B E R	→	% of household waste a) recycled, b) composted and c) re-used (and total %)	a) 30% b) 29.5% c) 0.5% Total >60%	a) 29.1% b) 30.11% c) 0.21% Total 59.42%	Figures are the foreca combined effort of OC subject to a high degre the performance meas know this for the whole data for March 2021 h on actual data for April - , be influenced by the O year. Other influences economic uncertainty Waste tonnes for Aug levels.
	composted			% of household waste sent to landfill (forecasted end of year position)	< 3%	2.6%	This end of year forec currently available for waste landfilled is exp
				% of household waste recycled, composted and re-used at our Household Waste Recycling Centres (HWRCs).	> 59%	65.18%	HWRCs re-opened on figure is the end of year data is currently availa August is mainly due thigher recycling rate.

been sign posted through Air Quality Management

cast end of year performance, which is the DCC, City and District Councils. The forecasts are gree of uncertainty; please note we use forecasts as easures are based on tonnage and we do not yet nole year and won't until May 2021 when tonnage I has been verified. We produce the forecasts based he previous months, i.e. for September reporting - July 2020. Waste tonnages currently continue to e COVID-19 restrictions and remain higher than last tes that could have an impact during the year include ty / possible downturn and the rate of housebuilding. ugust seem to show movement towards expected

ecast is highly uncertain as insufficient data is or accurate forecasting, and the percentage of xpected to increase.

on 18 May after being closed for 8 weeks. This year forecast and is highly uncertain as insufficient ilable for accurate forecasting. The increase in to wood being sent to a different processor with a e.

WE STRIVE	TO GIVE EVERY CHIL	.D A GOO	D START IN LIFE AND PROTECT EVERYONE FROM NEGLECT			
OUTCOME	INDICATOR	OUT- LOOK	MEASURE	TARGET	RATE / LEVEL	COMMENTARY
			Number of expectant mothers who receive a universal face to face contact at 28 weeks	78%	No Data	This target was achie COVID-19. During W the NHS response. I due to COVID-19 res engage. Universal P families) were proact cohort was 72.7%.
			Percentage of births that have received a face to face New Birth Visit	95%	97.9%	This mandated chec families received a n or virtually. This indic
			Percentage of children who received a 12-month review	93%	No Data	This target has been the workforce were r Partnership Plus fan followed up, the perf
	14. Flevalence of	A M B E R	Percentage of children who received a 2-21/2 year review	93%	No Data	This target has been the workforce were r Partnership Plus fan followed up and the
Children are given a good start in life			Babies breastfed at 6-8 weeks of age	60%	No Data	This target was achi COVID-19. During w the NHS response. families) was proacti cohort was 32.1%. T breastfeeding, offeri indicator is interdepe are often established services were also in
			% of mothers receiving a Maternal Mood Review in line with the local pathway by the time the infant is aged 8 weeks.	95%	No Data	This target was achied by COVID-19. During the NHS response. It families) were proact 87.5%. Appointment face to face if risk as
	children we care	A M B E R	Safely reduce the number of children we care for to bring it nearer to the average of our statistical neighbours during 2020-21	750	788	The number of childr is 2 more than the st same time last year.
		G R E ↔ E N	Level of social care assessments to not exceed the 2019-20 level	< 7,250	6064	Whilst the annual fig supressing referrals steadily rising linked school. Early indicati

nieved in 2019/20. However, it has been impacted by Wave 1 some of the workforce were redeployed to In Quarter 1 all families were offered a contact but estrictions in lockdown, a number of families did not Partnership Plus families (the most vulnerable ctively followed up, and the performance for this

eck was prioritised by the service during Quarter 1. All new birth visit either face to face were risk assessed dicator includes all births. (1703 births)

en impacted by COVID-19, during wave 1 some of redeployed to the NHS response. Universal milies (the most vulnerable families) were proactively rformance for this cohort was 94%

en impacted by COVID-19. During Wave 1 some of redeployed to the NHS response. Universal milies (the most vulnerable families) were proactively e performance for this cohort was 94.4%.

nieved in 2019/20, however it has been impacted by wave 1 some of the workforce were redeployed to Universal partnership Plus (the most vulnerable stively followed up and the performance for this The service did continue to support mothers with ring universal packages of care and virtual help. This bendent on midwifery services as feeding methods ed before babies leave the hospital. Midwifery impacted during Quarter 1.

nieved in 2019/2020 however it has been impacted ng wave 1 some of the workforce were redeployed to Universal Partnership Plus (most vulnerable ctively followed up, performance for this cohort was hts/visits were either phone/digital consultation or assessed as necessary.

dren we care for was 775 at the end of August. This start of the financial year, but 37 (5% lower) than the r.

igure is within target, this is a result of lockdown s in Quarter 1. Quarter 2 has seen assessments d to Police referrals (domestic abuse) and return to ations of demand exceeding capacity.

	17. Number of child protection plans	GREEN	$\leftrightarrow$	Maintain the number of children who are the subject of a child protection plan to the average of our statistical neighbours during 2020-21	550	539	Although the trajecto children the subject of move through the syst during COVID-19; an protection investigati
Children are able to reach their potential	18. Timeliness of completing Education, Health and Care Plans	A M B E R	$\leftrightarrow$	Increase the proportion of Education Health and Care Plans (EHCPs) that are completed within 20 weeks, to be above the national average by March 2021	58.7%	50%	In the last 12 months been issued in 20 we 56% for the month o EHCPs have not dro

ctory is positive there is a risk that the number of ct of a plan may increase as people are unable to system e.g. as family court sittings have reduced and return to school is beginning to trigger child ations.

hs 50% of Education and Health care plans have weeks. Performance is generally increasing and was of September. Even with COVID-19 requests for ropped.

WE ENABLE	OLDER AND DI	SA	BLED PE	EOPLE TO LIVE INDEPENDENTLY, AND CARE FOR THOSE IN GREAT	EST NEED					
OUTCOME	INDICATOR		OUT- LOOK	MEASURE	TARGET	RATE / LEVEL	COMMENTARY			
	19. People needing	N O		Maintain the number of hours of reablement delivered		5184				
	short-term support can access an	T R A	1	Number of people receiving reablement	Targets will be set during	1261	Figures are affected by			
	effective service	T E D		% of people who need no ongoing care after the end of reablement	Quarter 3	42%	1			
	of people with			% of people with safeguarding concerns who define the outcomes they want	> 90%	95.4%	This is a local measure s here as a key measure of safeguarding concern ca			
		GR		Number of people with personal budgets remains above the national average	> 90%	92%	92% of people in Oxford the council have a perso			
		E E N	$\leftrightarrow$	% of people aged over 65 using Adult Social Care services who receive a direct payment remains above the national average	> 17%	25%	25% of people over 65 in care in their own home h nationally			
Care services				% of people aged under 65 using Adult Social Care services who receive a direct payment remains above the national average	> 40%	44%	44% of people aged 18- social care in their own I nationally.			
support independent living	21. Number						Reduce the number of people delayed in hospital awaiting health care	22	17	
	of people delayed leaving	R E E	$\leftrightarrow$	Reduce the number of people delayed in hospital awaiting social care	6	9	Central government has going forward as it is rec timely and appropriate p			
	hospital	N		Reduce the number of people delayed in hospital awaiting both <b>health and social</b> care	26	4	as a local measure till a			
	are supported E			Maintain the number of home care hours purchased per week	> 21,000 hours	24,304	There has been a 19% i purchased since April, w home			
				Reduce by 10% the number of people aged 18-64 entering permanent residential care (vs. OCC rate of the past 3 years)	< 39 people	24	24 people so far in the y			
		d E N	$\leftrightarrow$	Ensure the % of working age (18-64) service users with a learning disability support, who are living on their own or with their family, remains above the national average (76%)	> 76%	91.2%	The service keeps delive			
	their own home			own 👘		Increase to the national average the percentage of older people in long term care who are supported to live in their own home	Ider people in long term > 57% 6		Increasing home care be	
						There are 60 successful nominations for Extra Care Housing for older people with care needs in 2020-21	60	11	11 nominations in the ye 50)	

y COVID-19.

e so there is no national benchmark. It is included e of how people who are the subject of a can maintain control of the process.

ordshire who receive on-going social care funded by social budget compared with 90% nationally.

5 in Oxfordshire who receive council funded social e have a direct payment compared with 17.5%

8-64 in Oxfordshire who receive council funded n home have a direct payment compared with 40%

as ceased the reporting of delayed transfers of care recognised that this is not the best measure of e patient flow through hospitals. It is reported here a new national measure is agreed.

6 increase in the amount of home care hours , which is helping to support more people to live at

e year therefore pro rata 48 in year

ivering ahead of target.

being purchased and fewer care home admissions

year to date, though admissions are higher (at over

WE SUPPORT	WE SUPPORT A THRIVING LOCAL ECONOMY BY IMPROVING TRANSPORT LINKS TO CREATE JOBS & HOMES FOR THE FUTURE							
OUTCOME	INDICATOR		OUT- LOOK	MEASURE	TARGET	RATE / LEVEL	COMMENTARY	
Everyone has access to good homes and	23. Infrastructure delivery supports growth	AMBER	Ţ	Percentage of the Capital Programme delivered in line with budget (measured by comparing the Council-approved budget of Feb 2020 for 2020-21 with the outturn budget)	95% (cumulative target to end of March 2021)	59% (position as at 30 <sup>th</sup> Sept)	This measures the ca 59% of agreed progra committed. There is a robust plan and a full review of the baseline the program	
jobs	24. Number of new homes	A M B E R	$\leftrightarrow$	We support the delivery of new affordable housing starts by March 2021 [the target is being reviewed for confirmation in Summer 2020]	1,322 homes to March 2021	Rate not available	Discussions with MHC Government) have led will be extended to a f on a scheme by scher that meets the agreed Homes England for th	
Businesses are able to grow and develop	25. Support for a strong local economy	AMBER	$\leftrightarrow$	Number of businesses given support by Trading Standards interventions or fire risk inspections	1,709	1,247	Performance has remain interventions from the weighing and measurial along with the number investigation of compli- amount of work to adv requirements, during lithe the track and trace AF The fire protection tea will be a slow and steat that the premises are documentation to revie duration at the premise	
	μob			Rate of participation in innovation funding bids or new projects in support of the Smart Oxford programme	20	23	Rate is April to end of funding calls have bed turn around and often over our target numbe successful bids. The fi partnership with Oxbo vehicle project to scale on the network. The si first of a kind pilot to tr pharmacy. Both new f	

capital infrastructure major programme and means ramme for the year 20/21 has been spent or

an in place to achieve 100% by end of March 2021 the pipeline of work is ongoing currently to remme.

HCLG (Ministry for Housing, Communities and Local ed to a principled agreement that the programme a fourth year with the possibility of further extension, neme basis to ensure delivery. A revised programme ed target has been prepared and submitted to their confirmation.

mained very strong in quarter two for business he Trading Standards team: from the number of uring equipment that has been tested and verified, ber of businesses that have been advised during the uplaints. The team has undertaken a significant idvise businesses of the COVID-19 business closure g lockdown and now the new requirements around APP, 10 pm closure time etc

eam has started to return to auditing premises, this teady increase in work output as we have to ensure re COVID-19 secure as well as receiving all of the eview prior to attending, in order to spend as little hises as possible.

of September. Post COVID-19 it has been noted become increasingly competitive, many with short en lower funding pots. However, we have submitted ber and are achieving an adequate number of e first successfully secured funding this month is in botica and Oxfordshire. A Connected Autonomous ale up CAV vehicles and connected infrastructure e second new project for September is an exciting o trial the use of drones between care homes and v funds are from Innovate UK pots.

				Proportion of live iHub (OCC's Innovation Hub) projects progressing on schedule and on budget	>75%	82%	Rate is for September time and delivery mile projects by 3 months 3 months. The Oxford simulation of transpor availability and delays project that had been have one other, the V however, this is being adult and social care 19 and restrictions in
				Reduce the number of failed utility works inspected	<15%	14.7%	From 776 sample A/B all follow up inspection
				Increase in the number of days' works on the highway saved via the Council's duration challenges	5% over 19-20 rate	Rate not available	Currently unable to que supplier to identify and
	26. Level of disruption to journeys	Α		Reduce the number of "return repairs" to the Council's own works (i.e. revisiting to correct Non-Compliant Defects)	<5%	0%	The reported rate is for is expected to be low. defects are repaired a continues to be monit A random 10% check Officers, and data cor September rate calcu own works (NCDs) 0
People and communities have		M B E R	Ţ	Minimise the number of Deemed Permits allowed (i.e. applications for permits approving works on the highway that have been received into the system but not processed in accordance with the Oxfordshire Permit Scheme)	<1%	0%	No permits that entere
excellent transport and broadband connections				Delivery of 2020/21 planned programme for number of highway trees surveyed within the 4-year cycle.	100% by end of Mar 2021	95%	4-year inspection prog challenges with COVI inspecting 84 parishe been inspected as at potential alignments w reviewed to look at op the service. Revised r
				Average excess waiting time for buses on frequent services (minutes)	5 mins	1.8 mins	Service frequencies h 30th August. From Se may lead to lower leve The target of 5 minute Punctuality Improvem by OCC and bus oper
	27. Enhanced digital connectivity for residents and businesses	GREEN	ſ	The number of premises we have enabled to have access to superfast broadband within Oxfordshire, via our contracts with BT and Airband	79,600	79,258	Rate is to end of Sept markedly over the Sur This quarter saw the of Programme (BBfO) pr of 64,500 premises to achieved. Targeted p standing at 97.9%. Ta currently above 74%. £3m.

er. There is reliance on external partners to reach ilestones. Government has extended some of the s and has put on hold the Gov tech contributions by rdshire Mobility Model (a cloud-hosted model for ort demand) may be delayed because of data ys with getting this due to COVID-19. The VPACH en suspended has restarted with IUK approval we V2Go project that is now expected to end early ng programmed in from an OCC perspective. Some e projects have had to be put on hold over COVIDn visiting care homes.

/B/C inspections conducted in September (including ions) 114 failed. This equates to 14.7% failure rate.

quantify. Service is accelerating work with the IT and log the relevant data.

for September. The level of non-compliant defects w. This is because approximately 90% of all pothole I as 'cut' defects rather than 'sweep and fill'. This hitored.

ck was completed in September by Highway onfirms there were no Non-Compliant Defects.

culated as total number of return repairs/visits to 0 divided by Total potholes fixed 2,380 = 0%

ered the system went deemed.

ogramme is in place and underway despite VID-19. 95% of the planned annual programme for the has been completed, meaning 79 parishes have at end September. Performance Indicators and with other indicators for the tree service are being options to provide further information on the value of d measures are due by end of October.

have been restored to pre COVID-19 levels as of September onwards increased levels of congestion evels of performance.

ites is under review to ensure consistency with the ment Partnership (PIP) agreement, to be signed off erator Directors.

ptember. Connections across Oxfordshire picked up summer with over 1,000 premises being connected. e closure of the Better Broadband for Oxfordshire programme. This programme had an original target to be connected which now stands at over 79,000 percentage superfast coverage was 90%, now Targeted take-up of services was 20% and is 6. All achieved whilst accruing an underspend of c

			Openreach delivered t funded Businesses in This measure is report December.
The % of premises in Oxfordshire with access (via either our contract or commercial providers) to superfast/ultrafast/full fibre broadband	99%	97.9%	Rate is to end of Septer via our contracts or via This also covers the fu- to the premise. This m due end of December.
<ul> <li>The % of premises in Oxfordshire without access to:</li> <li>At least Basic Broadband (at least 2Mb/s)</li> <li>OFCOM 'acceptable' broadband (10Mb/s)</li> </ul>	<=0.1% <=0.5%	0.26% 0.83%	<ul> <li>Rates are to end of Second managed program by suppliers. As the at fall. This measure is reduced by the second mathematical second mathem</li></ul>

d their first structures this quarter under the DEfRA in Rural Oxfordshire (BiRO) programme. orted quarterly, with next update due end of

ptember. Figure is for Oxfordshire delivered either via commercial coverage from a range of suppliers. full range of available services and not just full fibre measure is reported quarterly, with next update er.

September. Figures are impacted by the delivery of ammes and commercial delivery across Oxfordshire above two measures increase, these figures will reported quarterly, with next update due end of

sure reflects the difficulty (and expense) in reaching and rural dwellings or Hamlets.

uced by a small amount and is slightly above where be, however, a plan is in place to address this.

## **Risk Assessment Guidance**

Level of Risk	How the Risk Should Be Managed
<b>High Risk</b> (15 - 20)	Requires active management - to manage down and maintain exposure at an acceptable level. Escalate upwards
Medium Risk (12 - 8)	<b>Contingency plans-</b> a robust contingency plan may suffice together with early warning mechanisms to detect any deviation from the profile
Low Risk (1 - 6)	<b>Good Housekeeping -</b> may require some risk mitigation to reduce likelihood if this can be done cost effectively, but good housekeeping to ensure the impact remains low should be adequate. Re-assess frequently to ensure conditions remain the same.

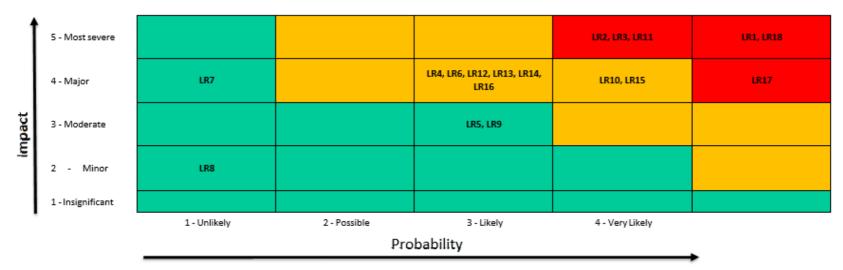
	Insignificant (1)	1	2 Possible	3	4 Very likely
	Minor (2)	2	4	6	8
Impact	Moderate (3)	3	6	9	12
	Major (4)	4	8	12	16
	Most severe (5)	5	10	15	20

		Risk Prob	ability Key	
Score	1	2	3	4
Level	Unlikely	Possible	Likely	Very Likely
Probability	<10%	10 - 40%	41 - 75%	>75%
Timescale	It is unlikely to occur.	Possible in the next 3 or more years.	Likely to occur in the next 1 - 2 years.	Occurred in the last year/very likely to occur in the next year.

		Risk Imp	act Key	
Score	Level	Financial *	Reputation	
1	Insignificant	Financial loss less than £500k / £2.5m in a year or negative variance against annual revenue or capital budget	Limited disruption to services	A few minor complaints and/or minimal local media attention No impact on council reputation or identity.
2	Minor	Financial loss up to £1m / £5m in a year or negative variance against annual revenue or capital budget	to services that do not	A number of complaints but minimal local media attention Minor impact on council reputation or identity with no lasting effects.
3	Moderate	Financial loss up to £1.5m / £7.5m in a year or negative variance against annual revenue or capital budget	Loss of services that do not directly affect vulnerable groups	Extensive adverse local media attention. Perception and identity of Council damaged / undermined in the short term with some rebuilding required.
4	Major	Financial loss up to £2m / £10m in a year or negative variance against annual revenue or capital budget	Significant disruption of services directly affecting vulnerable groups	Extensive national media attention or sustained local media attention. Perception and identity of Council damaged / undermined with long term - major rebuilding required.
5	Most Severe	Financial loss over £2.5m / £12.5m in a year or negative variance against annual revenue or capital budget	Loss of services directly affecting vulnerable groups	Ministerial intervention and/or public enquiry with sustained national media attention. Perception and identity of Council fundamentally damaged and undermined, potentially beyond repair.

	Risk Definition
	Strategic risks that are significant in size and duration, and will impact on the reputation and performance of the Council as a whole, and in particular, on its ability to deliver on its corporate priorities
Operational	Risks to systems or processes that underpin the organisation's governance, operation and ability to deliver services

## Risk Matrix - Ratings (residual risk scores)



Risk Ref	Risk Title	Residual Risk Score	Direction of travel
LR1	Demand management: managing the impact of increased demand on council services	20	$\leftrightarrow$
LR2	Safeguarding of vulnerable adults and children: ensuring there are effective arrangements in place for safeguarding	15	$\leftrightarrow$
LR3	Capital Infrastructure Programme Delivery	15	$\leftrightarrow$
LR4	Local and community resilience ensuring there are plans in place to support and engage communities with regards to resilience, cohesion, and community tension	8	$\leftrightarrow$
LR5	Management of partnerships (non-commercial) maximising the use of effective partnerships to deliver strategic outcomes and community benefit.	6	$\leftrightarrow$
LR6	Supply chain management ensuring effective delivery through the supply chain	8	$\leftrightarrow$
LR7	Delivery of statutory duties delivery of service and duties in compliance with requirements and responding to changes.	4	$\leftrightarrow$
LR8	Corporate governance creating and embedding an effective and robust management and governance system that provides accountability and transparency.	2	$\leftrightarrow$
LR9	Workforce management long term plans to ensure a capable and skilled workforce with the capacity to deliver required and new services.	9	$\leftrightarrow$
LR10	Organisational Change and Service Design ensuring there are effective plans and governance in place to deliver required organisational change.	12	$\leftrightarrow$
LR11	Financial resilience: ensuring there are effective plans in place to deliver a balanced budget and a sustainable medium-term financial strategy	15	$\leftrightarrow$
LR12	Property and assets (maintenance cost)	6	$\leftrightarrow$
LR13	Health and safety: ensuring effective arrangements are in place to meet our duties.	8	$\leftrightarrow$
LR14	Business continuity and recovery plans Resilience to a additional significant disruption during the Covid-19 Response	8	$\leftrightarrow$
LR15	Cyber security assurance that effective controls are in place to prevent security issues.	12	$\leftrightarrow$
LR16	ICT Infrastructure: assurance that IT infrastructure is reliable and fit for purpose.	8	$\leftrightarrow$
LR17	Covid-19. Community and Customers providing service and support to those impacted by the coronavirus pandemic	16	$\leftrightarrow$
LR18	Covid-19. Business Continuity: managing the ongoing impact of the pandemic on council operations.	20	$\leftrightarrow$

							OCC Leadership Risk Register			
REF	Risk Title	Risk Cause Description of the trigger that could make the risk happen	Risk Effect Description of the consequences of the risk, positive or negative	Risk Owner	Risk Manager	Inheren level level controls Lopact	k Existing Controls Description of actions already taken or controls in place to mitigate the risk	Resi risk I (af exis cont Lubaritik Lubart	level ter ting	Last Updated
LR1	Demand management: managing the impact of increased demand on council services	That increased demand for statutory service is greater than the resources available to meet statutory duties, community meeds and political aspirations. This may be due to changing demographics, growth and the current outbreak of COVID -19, leading to more requests for children's social care. SEN services, elective home education and acult services and commissioned by the Council) to become more preventative in their approach, could exacerbate the effect o rising demand. The impact on children's and adults' services is exacerbated by the current tratuation relating to COVID -19 with the risk of increased vulnerabilities due to solation and CV 19 measures.	Ineffective assessment and prioritisation processes. Vulnerable children and young people are ineffectively safeguarded and prome to harm, and their educational needs unmet. Failure to balance budget and/or maintain capital investment strategy in infrastructure.	Kevin Gordon & Stephen Chandler	Hannah Farncombe & Karen Fuller	542	Demand management in children's shows success in early help assessments ahead of target. Maintain a good early-help and prevention offer, in partnership with key stakeholders to ensure diversion from high cost services. Maintain good communication of early-help and prevention offer within the community to ensure effective uptake of services. Efficient assessment of need and risk – strong Front doo' arrangements including effective. MASH. Maintain good practice and performance reporting to ensure timely triage and assessment of contacts maintain good practices and performance reporting to ensure timely triage and assessment of contacts maintain good rance. The and performance reporting to ensure timely progress is achieved and drift is eliminated. Child protection numbers continuing to reduce safely: continue to drive successful achievement of child protection plans and step-down of statutory intervention and monitor re-referrats. "All services are tasked with managing activities within allocated budgets. Council transformation - moves to reconfigure services to be more preventative in their approach, drive out failure demand, an involve partners and the Voluntary and Community Sector. IMPOVER in Command and control structure implemented to deal with he CV-19 outbreak. (Adult Social Care cell essignment i process in place to maintain provision. Children's social care anticipate surge in referral to early help and children's social services when schools fully reopen in September.	n 5 4	<ul> <li>Recruiting new social care workforce, including those recently retired address willing to train.</li> <li>Staff retraining and redeployment process in place to maintain provision, including children's residential care.</li> <li>Data-modelling of anticipated surge in demand as restrictions ease and year groups return to school.</li> <li>Internal service re-design to direct greater resource into the Front Door and child in meed services. Spetromber has seen volaite levels of referrals and demand for assessments, including weeks with very high numbers. This is linked to return to school and high levels of perform to dagency staffing requests a santicipate devices. Spetromber has seen volaite levels of perform to access to half with tevels of a services. Spetromber has seen volaite levels of perform to a services. Spetromber has seen volaite levels of perform to access to half with tevels of a services. Spetromber has seen volaite levels of perform to access to half and instream team. This provised devices with access to help in the service transitions and tamilies cortained and management data. Referentals for oblice to 6-weekly review of demand management data. Referentals for services. Spetroling out of lockfown and tamilies corting out of lockfown and those that we commission, to develop and services approach, no develop and with access to half with the service transitions and those that we commission, to develop and with access the fourther in particular.</li> <li>The planned Early intervention. Service and to real term portions of the very the above the numbers of thrice in mainstream deucation placements and increase the commissing placement.</li> <li>The planned Early intervention Service aris to reduce demand on the service of the neinstream deucation placements and increase the commissing placement.</li> <li>Rest reviewed - Risk cause, risk effect, a controls and comments updated.</li> </ul>	d. Good sed over 5 ffering 99-20. ms have absorbing 1 1 MASH is 1
LR2	Safeguarding of vulnerable adults and children: ensuring there are effective arrangements in place for safeguarding	Risk of death or serious injury to children, young people or vulnerable adults through inadequate service delivery or failure to provide protection. This is enhanced due to the social solation and distancing measures in solation and distancing measures of schools and reductions in home visits.	Potentially devastating impact to an adult, child, family and community. Reduced trust in the Council and partners. Notification of poor performance may affect the Council's current service judgements and lead to Central Government intervention, resulting in a higher financial cost related to improvement activity and intervention.	Kevin Gordon & Stephen Chandler	Lara Patel, Hayley God & Karen Fuller	542	Maintain strong focus on good practice, performance reporting and statutory requirements, ensuring timely record keeping, compliance with procedures and acting on any poor performance indicators at an early stage. Monitored monthly by CEF Performance Management Framework. Daily monitoring report for ASC deputy-director with monthly scruling at ASC Performance Board. Every child known to social care services is RAG rated and priority children receive visits. Efficient assessment of need and risk by having strong "Front door" arrangements in place, including effective MASH. Centralised Adult Safeguarding Team with overall responsibility for triaging and managing section 42 enquires. Regular audit of practice casework in both CEF and ASC to ensure good quality service delivery. This is monitored monthly through CEF and ASC Quality Assurance Frameworks and Performance Boards. Competition Statutory safeguards continue to be upheld at both service level and with individual Admission Statutory safeguards continue to be upheld at both service level and with individual -Oralizing quidance for social workers implemented to ensure high risk children receive home visits. Quality assurance framework in children's social care currently being assessed for reach, effectiveness and impact.	5 3	-Ongoing management oversight through the implementation of the CEF and ASC Performance Management Framework and Quality Assurance Framework. Stafty ratings for social care providers in Oxfordshife remains higher than elsewhere. -Establishing our Community Resilince cell whelp us understand melenent provisions of the Coronappo term end that need. -Weekly reviews of RAG ratings. Multi-agency Domestic Abuse -ampaign county wide. Advice and guidance prepared for schools in tearning from lockdown experiences of working with young people -Discussions are taking place between officers from Children's services and representative Headtacachers to identify key considerations as schools admit all children. To the fore in the thinking are safeguarding, emotional wellbeing, health and safety matters. -Work is underway to provide mental health training in schools to support returning children.	dditional een agers in er than ing seen ing seen
LR3	Capital Infrastructure Programme Delivery	Each element of the Capital Infrastructure Programme has a different set of deal conditions formally agreed with Government. The recently signed HIF and HIF 2 funding y and bates, which if exceeded would cause all costs from that point onwards to be the responsibility of the County Council The Growth Deal has greater flexibility, but not delivery would result in the outcomes not being realised and potential reputational risks.	<ul> <li>Lack of investment in road infrastructure to</li> </ul>	Paul Feehily	Owen Jenkins	531	A Director has been allocated to focus on OCC Infrastructure Delivery which will address senior management capacity challenges. The role focuses on delivering the capital programme and establishing internal processes to speed up delivery e.g. a Programme Management Office has been such any governance structure to deal with the volumed schages in the begins and prod Oc Act for warmple, nechnical programme management, risk/assurance management, performance management and broader partnership function. "Femporary additional skills and resources have been brought in to assist with the programme management of the major elements of the programs.	5 3	<ul> <li>*The directorate has started a Service Improvement that links to the Communities directorate redesign and will ensure the long-term place to manage this large and complex set of programmes.</li> <li>*A corported Assurance Board has been set up, chaired by the CEO to surve de any and enable the prioritisation of resources and effort where surve and in scheme del survey and early and enable the prioritisation of resources and effort where survey and a support is in place to capture any survey and use and the processes of survey and the proving. This risk with however remain in place until work is further progressed to be suble to give assurance that all programmes of work are fully resourced.</li> <li>*Reviewed- Mitigating actions update the processes are in place to ensure delivery and delivery is realised.</li> </ul>	is to 07/14 nificant very, and 07/14 situation 2000

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REF	Risk Title	Risk Cause Description of the trigger that could make the risk happen	Risk Effect Description of the consequences of the risk, positive or negative	Risk Owner	Risk Manager	Inherent (gross) risk leve alortoo <u>Leve</u> <u>Leve</u>	Existing Controls Description of actions already taken or controls in place to mitigate the risk	Resi risk I exist contr	evel ter ting	D'tion of travel	Comments	Last Updated
LR4	Local Community Resilience: ensuring there are plans in place to support and engage communities with regards to resilience, cohesion, and community tension.	could increase existing tensions or create flashpoints. Equally a united effort may increase community cohesion. Possible triggers are likely to be	Impact on Council's ability to deliver services if disruption affects particular locations, bustomers or staff. Impact on Council's ability to deliver Covid-19 Response services. Protential reduction in public trust if the council s not seen to be acting appropriately.	Yvonne Rees	Rob MacDougall	4 3 1	Thames Valley Police and Safer Community Partnership are monitoring communities to identify any issues th may indicate escalaring community tensions. Communication network in place including local Members to provide single consistent messaging via multiple rivusted sources should it be needed. Health Protection Board, MOAC and Surveillance Cell in place to manage local outbreaks and county communications		Health Protection Board and Multiagency Operational Cell in place to develop and support Outbreak Planning. Outbreak planning and Standard Operating Procedures completed and virtual table top review carried out at beginning of September Joint 8 Dordrehter System Comms supporting outbreak interventions impacts of UK Transition being reviewed by specific Oxfordshire System group and community tension risk being reviewed by Local Resilience Forum.	÷	Risk reviewed - further review may be required following expected announcements on 12th October.	12/10/2/020
LR5	Management of partnerships (non- commercial) maximising the use of effective partnerships to deliver strategic outcomes and community benefit.	partners, including District and CRy Councils, the CCG, NHS, Police, Military and voluntary and community sector, leading to negative impact on service delivery and outcomes for local residents / communities. CV- 19 outbreak heightens both the potential and impact of this, with attention and resources being necessarily	Meet desired outcomes for residents. Achieve efficient delivery. take opportunities to improve services. It also has the potential to negatively affect public vonfidence in the Council (e.g. through inspection	Claire Taylor	r Robin Rogers	4 2	<ul> <li>Orgoing management of existing relationships held at Cabinet and senior officer level, including sharing of priorities an sarly discussion of potential changes or challenges</li> <li>Supported by Supported by Support Supported by Suppo</li></ul>	ve ts. 3 2	<ul> <li>Maintain oversight of partnerships in the county to reflect new recovery systems working arrangements, including bilateral.</li> <li>New working relationships with VCS and infrastructure support contract are being deviced, with new support arrangements to be in place by April 2022.</li> <li>Community development strategy and approach to be produced and implemented pinth with VCS and partners.</li> <li>Partners' engagement with / Involvement in Community Resilience work will help to minimise the likelihood of this risk.</li> </ul>	$\leftrightarrow$	Risk reviewed - Existing controls and mitigating actions updated.	06/10/2020
LR6	Supply chain management ensuring effective delivery through the supply chain.	ounable abain is discusted due to	Delays to meeting service requirements or service provision.	Lorna Baxter	Jeremy Richards & Simon Walkden	4 2	The Procurement team has a contract in place for a credit check service that analyses the financial position an organisation to determine a credit score. This information is used in the Tender evaluation process to select a suitable supplier and to monitor ongoing performance of current suppliers. Current suppliers that see a drop in their financial rating would trigger an alert that would be considered by th applicable contract manager.	g	The Procurement Team is now providing ELT members and identified Contract Mangers a quarterly report of all supplers with spend above £25K.c/w a credit ris rating score to enable contract managers to manage any identified risks, with support from the Procurement Team. - This quarterly report is complemented with a monthly report which sets out any - Anages to suppler risk scores. Furthermore, as a result of Covid-19 the likeliho of this risk is deemed ha have increased and thus the procurement and finance team now hold a weekly joint meeting to consider funding solutions to support A -Risk Suppliers in accordance with the national guidance note PPN04/20.	~	Risk is being managed by service area contract managers c'w the provision of a monthly report and the weekly joint procurement and finance meeting. Risk Reviewed - No changes	14/10/2020
LR7	Delivery of statutory duties delivery of service and duties in compliance with requirements and responding to changes.	<sup>d</sup> That the Council acts unlawfully by failing to deliver statutory responsibilities.	Litigation/judicial review.     Financial penalties - Local Government     Dmbudsman/Regulators/Central Government.     Damages liability to residents and commercial     counterparties.     Central Government intervention.	Sukdave Ghuman	Glenn Watson	4 3 1	*Constitution of Council (including Finance Procedure Rules and Contract Procedure Rules) Support role of Finance, Legal and Procurement Audit function Legal Compliance and Service Plan Service Level Agreements between directorates and Legal -Dedicated specialist teams for information rights and complaints resolution	4 1	Ensure support functions are fully resourced.     Action plan is in place to ensure we are address our statutory duties for the     Deprivation of Lberty Safeguards for adults, statutory duties for children with     special educational needs and disabilities; and unregistered provision for children     Scheme of Delegation (Finance) reviewed to reflect current management     structure.     Information rights, complaints and Ombudsman cases tracked	↔	Action plans continue to be reviewed and addressed by the Leadership Team. When appropriate, consideration ought to be given to statutory easements for SEN and Social Care. Risk reviewed - Existing controls and mitigating actions.	14/10/2020

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						Inheren (gross) risk leve (no control:	)	Resid risk le (afte existi contro	vel r ng			
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LR8	management and governance system that provides	That the Council's corporate governance, including supplementary governance arrangements to support the CV- 19 response, is insufficiently robust, either due to incomplete processes or limited staff awareness of its requirements.	Inconsistent, uncompliant or potentially unlawful actions/decisions. Inability to support Council's democratic functions / obligations (e.g. remote public meetings, remote voting). Elements of the Covid-19 response may be compromised or delayed.	Sukdave Ghuman	Glenn Watson	224	Council governance framework is regularly reviewed and updated by senior managers and members.     Constitution - updated and annually reviewed by Monitoring Officer and Full Council - Amendments made to the     Constitution to a collitate virtual mode public meetings.     System of internal control - co-ordinated by the Corporate Governance Assurance Assurance Force, overseen by the Chief Internal     Audior, electron - annual opportunity to review the electroness of Internal controls; signed by Leader and     three statutory postholders (MOPS, MO, CFO), poverseen by Audit & Governance Committee,     Business Continuity Plans are in place which ensure that appropriate leadership of the Covid-19 response.     Control measures implemented throughout 2019/20 and updates on key issues are reported to Audit & Governance     Committee.	2 1	Continue to undertake control measures throughout 2019-20 and respond to specific matters as they arise. Annual Governance Statement process for 2020/21 is now under way with the Corporate Governance Assurance Group. Whistelblowing Polices updated and new co- ordinated approach in place under the Monitoring Officer (led by Principal Governance Officer) with central log being put in place and co-ordination of cases. Corporate Governance Assurance Group leading a project to review/align governance processes between ChervelIDC and Oxon CC and CherwelI DC.	h	Risk reviewed - Mitigating actions updated.	14/10/2020
LR9	a capable and skilled	Lack of effective workforce strategies may result in long term under-performance of the organisation or increased costs.	Failure to manage the workforce and develop strategic HR plans may result in the following: Rearcuiment and retention issues. Increased costs of agency staff. Increased costs in training and development. Underperformance or lack of delivery.	Claire Taylor	r Karen Edwards	3 4 1	On-going monitoring of issues and HR data     Yey staff in post to address risks (e.g. strategic) HR business partners, reward manager)     Ongoing service redesign will set out long term service requirements.     Temporary dedicated resourcing support.	3 3	<ul> <li>Development and adoption of sector relevant workforce plans</li> <li>Development of new People and Organisational Development strategy The ability to interogate and access key data (ongoing) in order to inform workforce strategies.</li> <li>Development of new Learning &amp; Development strategy, including spenticeships.</li> <li>Post Govid-19 recovery plans to support the workforce are under commission. These will include any lessons learnt and training needs and alignment with any new service delivery requirements arising from Covid- 19.</li> </ul>	÷	Risk reviewed - No changes	06/10/2020
LR10	Change and Service Design ensuring there are effective plans and governance in place to deliver required organisational change.	The ongoing impact of CV-19 may mean that some organisational change projects are delayed. It may also mean that alternative modernisation, change or transformational activities are	Ealise improved service usine(), quality and inability to respond to growing the H may cause inefficiencies, increasing costs and/or tack of delivery of planned savings. In increased costs and/or tack of delivery of planned savings. The breadth of the programme means that it is built of many constituent parts, so that if any one project fails, it can be 'tied of'', replaced or tedesigned. This breadth means that its is	Claire Taylor	r Tim Spiers	4 4 1	<ul> <li>All projects identify benefits to be delivered and long-term financial implications (upfront costs and savings), supported by project plans.</li> <li>Financial benefits realisation articulated in all project plans, monitored via monthy highlight reports and our corporate reporting process.</li> <li>Systematic service improvement activity locused on demand management, and developing a more preventative approach to our services.</li> <li>All project resourcing considered monthly: roles allocated &amp; additional 3rd party support commissioned where there is a brighter to change and service redesign has been fully incorporated into business as usual and so scrutiny and based and the complex resourcing considered monthly: roles allocated &amp; additional 3rd party support commissioned where there is a 'Organisation change and service redesign has been fully incorporated into business as usual and so is ocurity and based and the corporated into business as usual and so is ocurity and based to complex resourcing in the releast the explicit link between the programme of work and the council's Medium-Term Financial Plan.</li> <li>Orbancity is planned the Partnership Working Group review progress and delivery.</li> <li>Cepacity and expertise is manage in flight change projects and directorates have been directed where possible that myterions of change is to continue e.g. provision cycle, family safeguarding, from of the transformation where programs are been directed where possible that myterion of change is to continue e.g. Provision cycle, family safeguarding, from of the transformation where programs are been directed by for change management.</li> </ul>	4 3	Ensure that the Council's change agenda, including all existing programmes, is integrated into one overall portfolio of change programmes that lead and inform the Service and Resource Planning Process and expand in scope where further savings are required.     Continue to ensure that detailed planning and monitoring of projects fully understands interdependencies between projects.     Ensure all change activity is fully aligned to, and supportive of, the corporate priority estimation and Medium Term Financial Planning process.     CEDR to regularly review the Council's portfolio of change programmes' (both council and Medium Term Financial Planning process).     CEDR to regularly review the Council's portfolio of change programmes' (both council wes reported to members CEDR to review import of Covid-16 on organisational change a reprofile projects as required.     Align work with CDC programmes wherever possible to achieve increased benefits.	÷	There will be delays to planned work. However, the full impact of Covid-19 on the organisational change and service redesign programmes and projects is still being assessed. Monthly dashbaards are now being produced and reported to CEDR. Further work requined an mitigate actions. Orgoning work is being undertaken as outlined in mitigating actions. Risk reviewed - Comments updated	
LR11	effective plans in place to deliver a balanced budget and a sustainable medium term financial strategy.	The MTFP and longer-term linancial plans are not sustainable, adequate or effective due to the putcomes of local government lunding reforms; unexpected demand on services; financial management performance; husinesses and residents as a result of CV-19 or not achieving planned savings and efficiencies on time. CV-19 grant funding not at the required level to meet needs of services.	Significant overspend at year end leading to: - Extensive use of general balances, taking them below their risk assessed level - Extensive use of earmarked reserves reguines of the termination of the termination required in year or across the life of the Medium-Term Financial Plan (MTFP) Further savings or income generation perpenditional savings or income generation additional savings or income generation additional savings or income generation additional savings or income generation perpenditional savings or income generation additional savings or income generation perpenditional savings or income generation continuing rising demand in Adults and Children's services, the ability to respond to this, and quickly, could put at risk the setting of a balanced budget and MTFP.	Lorna Baxter	r Ian Dyson	5 3 1	Progress against current year's savings is tracked monthly and included in the Business Management Reports to Cabinet. Progress against future year's savings is also tracked monthly, and if necessary, addressed as part of the Service & Resource Planning process. Additional costs, loss of income and non-achievement of savings are being tracked and inform data returns to savings under the banner of Organisational Change and Service Design being monitored on a project/activity level with detailed planning, milestones & reporting. Regular meetings between Directors and s151 Officer to discuss significant financial issues and risks. Service & Resource Planning process including reports to Cabinet and Performance Scrutiny Committee and ultimately Council in February 2020s25 report of Chief Finance Officer.	5 3	•The financial impact of COVID-19 is being tracked and is being reported to CEDR, Cabinel and Performance Scrutiny Committee and as part of the monthly Business Management report. •The Government has provided funding but not sufficient to meet expected costs and reduced income for the year. As a result, a Revised Budget was approved by Council in September which identified £15m of in-year savings to meet the expected shortfall between government funding and the expected costs and reduced income for beyar. As a result, a Revised Budget was approved by Council to Iost Income on Sales, Fees and Charges related to the septentiation of the server	↔	The impact of Covid19 has changed the financial outlock for the Council, although there are too many variables to fully determine both the medium and long-term impacts beyond the current year, however, the financial pressures in year are clearer, and for 21/22. "The action for the High Needs DSG recovery plan has been included. There is no current expectation that Government will seek to recover the deficit from the Council Funding: however, the spending is not yet under control and we have been required to produce a recovery plan for some time. Risk reviewed - Mitigating actions and comments updated.	15/10/2020

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REF	Risk Title	Risk Cause Description of the trigger that could make the risk happen	Risk Effect Description of the consequences of the risk, positive or negative	Risk Owner	Risk Manager	Inhere (gross risk lev on) Depaptility Lopaptility	4	Residi risk le existii contro bopapilith	g	Last Updated
LR12	Property and assets (maintenance cost)	Legacy of poor asset condition management information reduces the Council's ability to fully ensure property maintenance and compliance.	Non-compliance issues and potential financial pressures to bring our assets to a compliant and acceptable standard.	Steve Jorden	George Eleftheriou	4 4	Property, Investment and Facilities Management function redesign to get the right professionals running the service Develop Property Strategy which would determine where to prioritise efforts/spend on assets. Install right systems to enable us to keep on top of managing information about our assets.	3 2	<ul> <li>Control activities are prioritising compliance (i.e. 'nice to haves can wait).</li> <li>Taking more long-term views on use/potential use of certain assats.</li> <li>The right team/experise now inhouse dealing with this with a pince and activities now inhouse dealing with this with a pince and activities now inhouse dealing with this with a pince and activities now inhouse dealing toward.</li> <li>Aprogramme based on risk and compliance was developed to resolve dustanding legacy issues and we continue to monitor the financial effect of the antivelet to the team to carry phisactivity.</li> <li>The right team design needs to be a priority and completed as scon as possible.</li> <li>All of mitigation actions referred to are now in place and activity.</li> <li>All of mitigation actions referred to are now in place and activity.</li> <li>The right team is place to the team to carry possible.</li> </ul>	0/2020
LR13	Health and safety: ensuring effective arrangements are in place to meet our duties	Identified weaknesses in governance policy could lead to reduced oversight of health and safety issues and infringe on our associated duty of care to staff an others affected by the activities of her Council. The Covid-19 outbreak also increases risk in relation to greater homeworking activities, risk associated with frontline work and mental health and wellbeing risk.	Unsafe services leading to injury or loss. Breach of legislation and potential for enforcement action. Financial inpact (corpensation or improvement actions).	Steve Jorden	Paul Lundy	4 3	<ul> <li>H&amp;S policies and procedures have been reviewed and a d op t e d.</li> <li>Risk Assessments completed including CO VID-19.</li> <li>Provision of PPE is priority are of focus for both standard work issue and additional infection control requirements for COVID 19.</li> <li>Information and training programmes in place for staff and volunteers. Communications channels in place including COVID-19 focused H&amp;S information.</li> <li>H&amp;S Governance Board maintains oversight of policy and practice with response to COVID-19 covered with business continuity support structure.</li> <li>Additional budget has been allocated for rectifying all H&amp;S and compliance items across our buildings and to bring it a statutory compliance.</li> <li>HMS Bovernance Board mains in the right level of compliance.</li> <li>HMS Bovernance Board mains the right level of compliance.</li> <li>HMS Bovernance Board mains the right level of compliance.</li> <li>HMS Bovernance Board mains the right level of compliance.</li> <li>HMS Bovernance Board mains the right level of compliance.</li> <li>HMS Bovernance Board mains the right level of compliance.</li> <li>HMS Boverning of Wey data and issues to Leadership Teams and through business continuity support structure. The will include any includents of work-related exposure to COVID-19 as pare RID D OR.</li> <li>HOme-working arrangements supported by advice, guidance, equipment etc., frequent messages from CEO and Internal Comms. Specific arrangements in place to provide equipment for those with specialist requirements or needs.</li> </ul>	42 to	Ensuring staff continue to receive the necessary health and safety training - due current social distancing guidelines and restriction training is moved to online delivery where possible - Ongoing, atternative virtual delivery options now in place for most courses. - Implement the actions of the recent H&S Audit (April 2020) to further improve systems and controls - Ongoing PFIFM to implement management systems to monitor property compliance and safe working practices. Process for ensure they are COVID-Safe. - Review and rick assess any changes in government guidance to ensure safe and compliant practices are followed. This is monitored and reported through the business continuity (COVID-19) support structure. Ongoing H&S updates and guidance published on intranet and maintained by H&S Te a.m. - Arrangements for supply and distribution of PPE is well established - no reported pressures.	14/102020
LR14	Business continuity and recovery plans Resilience to an additional significant disruption during the Covid-19 Response	A further disruption occurs that puts additional pressure on business continuity arrangements.	Essential Council Services and Covid-19 Response services are unable to be recovered within a reasonable time frame. Impacts could include risk to life or welfare, financial loss (for example due to liflgation) and reduction of trust in Council services.	Yvonne Rees	Rob MacDougal	4 4	A business continuity improvement programme is under way and has led to significant improvements includin to a consistent approach to business impact assessments, service business continuity frameworks and business continuity plans. Areview of London Bridge undertaken by corporate leads (Command structure moving into Recovery on 1st Augus Pretection Board, MOAC and Surveillance Cell in place to manage local outbreaks and county communications.	ıg 4 2	COVID19 security on building are in place to support the restart of services and this is being coordinated by the Organisational Recovery Steering Group and CEDR An urgent review of business continuity plan is currently underway and will show the organisational Recovery and with the organisational Recovery Steering Group and OCDB and the organisation of the organ	12/10/2020
LR15	Cyber security essurance that effective controls are in place to prevent security issues.	Levels of threat mean that it is possible our defences will be breached, whether through systen failure or human error this level may be increased during the CV- 19 measures with increased humbers of staff working at home.	A serious and widespread attack (like Wannacy in Health) could mean we cannot nuction or support services, causing business continuity plans to be invoked. There may be less serious lower level theft of data or a publicity type attack.	Claire Taylor	<sup>.</sup> Tim Spiers	4 4	<ul> <li>A robust plan is in place and under continuous improvement.</li> <li>OCC and CDC are Cyber Security Essentials Plus' accredited.</li> <li>OCC are still receiving PSN whilst going through present submission.</li> <li>CDC are PSN accredited.</li> <li>OCC and CDC are also working with other local government organisations to ensure a co-ordinated approach to Cyber Security Essentials Plus acceleted.</li> <li>OCC and CDC are also working with other local government organisations to ensure a co-ordinated approach to Cyber Security Essentials Plus acceleted.</li> <li>OCC and CDC are also working with other local government organisations to ensure a co-ordinated approach to Cyber Security Essentials Plus acceleted.</li> <li>OCC and CDC are also working with other local government organisations to ensure a co-ordinated approach to Cyber Security Essentials Plus acceletes the secure apps have be disabled.</li> </ul>	en 4 3	<ul> <li>The IT Service at CDC and OCC continue to manage cyber security threats in-line with the required 'Cyber Essentials Plus's standards.</li> <li>As part of the IT service redesign a joint OCC/CDC Cyber Security officer has been appointed, to underface.</li> <li>Procementing to underface.</li> <li>Vorking with patners to provide training so that every OCC user is aware of their to course that from the cyber security threats. The short patners to provide training so that every OCC user is aware of their to course that provide training so that every OCC user is aware of their to course at policy to define roles, responsibilities and procedures.</li> <li>Maximising tech to reduce cyber risks.</li> <li>Ensuring all new and existing suppliers meet cyber security requirements.</li> </ul>	d 12/10/20
LR16	ICT Infrastructure: assurance that IT infrastructure is reliable and fit for purpose	The server infrastructure, backup and seaster recovery hardware are at or past end of life.	There is a risk of ICT failure which could disrupt our ability to sustain parts of the Council's services. We need to plan replacement as the back-up polution has started to fail intermittently. Council's ICT is inadequate and/or inappropriate to support extensive home appropriate to support extensive home particulties in providing ICT support for new/returning members of staff (and volunteers needing access to council systems?). Limited capacity/effectiveness in meeting the requirements of novel schemes.is/services required by Govt as part of CV-19 response	Claire Taylor	. Alistair Read	4 3	-All servers and services have been migrated (by the end of Q4 2019/20) to the new data centre equipment and are operational. - The new back provision for hereit/turning methation is configured and running. - The new back provision for hereit/turning methation of Staff Is horizoning well and demand Is being met. IT are working with integrated Transport to deliver and collect equipment required by Staff working from home. - IT Staff have been reassigned to meet any increase in demand due to COVID19 business requirements.	4 2	Maintaining assessment to keep on top of changing needs of workforce, services and cyber threas under CV-19. Ensuring sufficient staff cover is fined up to keep ICT running in the event of staff liness. Replacement datacentre, disaster recovery and backup solution are fully operational. Datacentre network equipment has been updated and the amount of core space later attractions in place together with the realience testing to maintain core I services. Staff resources are assigned to the most in demand IT requirements. New joint cyber security officer has been appointed which enables an even greater focus on protecting the organisation against possible cyber-attacks. -Business Continuity Plans and Risk have been updated since the COVID-19 outbreak to continuing changing to the act of indeer to constinue in case A proposal for a more cost effective and tests complex DR solution has been put agreed and procurement will start this month for instalation in November. This should be able to remove this risk.	8

				1		1	OCC Leadership Risk Register			<u> </u>
REF	Risk Title	Risk Cause Description of the trigger that could make the risk happen	Risk Effect Description of the consequences of the risk, positive or negative	Risk Owner	Risk Manager	Inherer (gross) risk leve on) Lopapility Lopapility	Existing Controls Description of actions already taken or controls in place to mitigate the risk.	Lopaptility Probability Probability Probability	rei r g	Last Updated
LR17	Covid-19. Community and Customers providing	virus results in potential impacts in terms of customers and communities. Including community resilience, ability to access	Possible reductions in frontline service delivery, avents, meetings and customer contact. Economic hardship impacting local business and potentially the local workforce. Impact on vulnerable research services. Increased demand on both frontline and enabling services. Protonged risk of social isolation and the mental and physical consequence thereof.	Claire Taylor	Mark Haynes	542	Business Continuity Plans have been reviewed and tested to ensure the ongoing delivery of priority services     Remote (home based) working in place, to facilitate self-isolation and limit impact on service, delivery,     Communications stepped up, to support remote working, reinforce national guidelines and set out the current     organisational     response.     Regular updates from Director of Public Health, shared internally and externally. Partnership communications enhanced     and     regular conversations convened.     Regular teleconference with local councils and emergency services discussing updates, concerns and best practice (in-     ine with used) business continuing ind emergency pairvices discussing updates, concerns and best practice (in-     ine with used) business continuing and emergency pairvices discussing updates, concerns and best practice (in-     ine with used) business continuing and emergency pairvices discussing updates, concerns and best practice (in-     ine with used) business continuing and emergency pairvices the supply or barines in the suppliers to manage impacts access the supply or barines in the suppliers to manage impacts access the supply or barines in endulary discussion and operating extended hours each day     rowing and additional body storage as temporary place of rest to support the current mortuary provision.     Face to face customer events e.g. wedding ceremony, library provision ceased in line with government guidance.	4 4	Orgoning review and implementation of Courcel and partnership business continuity and emergency planning arrangement. The nature of the risk is such that national public health guidelines will determine the councils will enact any support schemes as set out by national government as they emerge. The council will enact any support schemes as set out by national government as they emerge. The council will enact any support schemes as set out by national government as they emerge. The council will enact any support schemes as set out by national government egarding excess deaths in the community. As the current lockdown is assead, we will review the inpact and take the necessary steps to follow the latest guidelines and instructions C-ustomer contact demand will continue to be monitored and resource allocated to key priorities Appropriate risk assea related due to tract and trace protocols and in line with Local Outbreak Plan. Tessing of Incodown restrictions has enabled a wider range of services to become the outbreak to contact the mack will resolve and live range of services to become the outbreak plan. There will be to customers and residents. 91% of core libraries are now open and customer contact at the CS is back to normal levels. Review of current BCPS underway. Progression on the reopening conducted has increased. BCP review completed and lessons learnt incorporated within. Progression on the reopening conducted has hereased. BCP review completed and lessons learnt incorporated within. Prodiction conterns is caraful y monitored. An Oxfordshire Local Contact Training Services has been introduced to contact cases of COVID-19 that NHS Test and Trace are unable to reach. These cases would then be fed back into NHS Test and Trace for follow up.	14/102/02/0
LR18	Continuity: managing the ongoing impact of the pandemic on council	Significant staff absence due to th Covid-19 19 virus results in potential impacts on frontline service delivery and the ability to run the councils' business on a da to day basis.	Possible reductions in frontline service delivery, events, meetings and customer contact. Potential confusion amongst staff with reduced service availability, professional support and maintain business as usual. Requirement to reprioritise service adelivery Assess critical services and consider alternative methods of delivery Requirement to offer mutual aid to partner organisations. Potential impact in the medium to long term resilience of staff may result in wider wellbeing issues.	Claire Taylor	Karen Edwards	542	Business Continuity Plans have been reviewed, tested and are maintained and updated     Rende working in place     Sind communications stepped up, to support remote working, reinforce national guidelines and set out the current     viganisational response.     Regular updates from Director of Public Health, shared internally and externally.     Regular ruletes from Director of Public Health, shared internally and externally.     Regular contrained in messages following Public Health advice     Santises in washrooms/corporate buildings     Weakly sickness monitoring implemented     Alie working being tested Unther across services, ensuing equipment and access is in place.     Posters around the offices encouraging regular hand washing. Hand santiteers available in washrooms and shared     paces.     Stocks of taptops being maintained / weakly managers builetin with guidance and support offered / arrangements in     place for day, on call and reassgrammt where necessary.     Stocks of taptops being maintained / weakly managers     Stocks of taptops to and and reassgrammt where necessary.     Stocks of taptops to and the offices absences, COVID-19 related and others, are being produced by Directorate.	54	20 <sup>-</sup> The nature of the risk is such that national public health guidelines will ↔ Risk reviewed - No change determine the council's responses.	06/10/2020

## Forecast outturn 2020/21 at September 2020

## **Children's Services**

A breakeven position is forecast by Children's Services against a budget of  $\pounds$ 131.9m. The directorate forecast outturn includes up to  $\pounds$ 5.7m of costs relating to COVID-19, of which  $\pounds$ 1.3m have been funded to date.

An in year overspend of £11.5m is forecast for the High Needs DSG, against a budget of £58.4m, which will be carried forward against DSG balances and is being managed through the High Needs Recovery Project.

Education and	<u>Variation</u>
Learning	A breakeven position is forecast for this service following
0	the virements agreed by Council on 8 September 2020.
Budget £29.7m	
	Key Issues
Variation breakeven	As reflected within the performance report demand for
Valiation Breakeven	EHCPs remains high and has led to issues with timeliness
BAC roting	
RAG rating	so far this year. This is likely to require investment to
A 1	address both any backlog and resolve timeliness issues
Amber	going forward. Existing directorate resources have been
	targeted at this area. The impact of this will be kept under
Outcomes Achieved Yes	review and reported in the next budget cycle.
	Financial Impact of COVID-19
	To date additional funding of £0.3m has been allocated in
	relation to Covid-19 costs, with spend to date estimated at
	£0.1m. The forecast for this year is currently £0.3m. It is
	assumed that any shortfall in the budgets at present will be
	met from the Covid-19 budget for costs and income losses.
	Significant areas of spend to date are £0.088m for Laptops
	and Virtual Tuition for children and £0.021m for PPE in
	Early Years Settings.
	Lany Touro Coungo.
	There is a risk that demand for Education, Health and Care
	Plans will increase now schools have returned which may
	increase workloads for Educational Psychologists and the
	Casework Team resulting in additional costs. It is assumed
	this pressure will be funded by COVID-19 budget for costs
	and income losses.
	In addition, lost income is forecast at £0.2m within
	Education and Learning as a result of the partial closure of
	schools. It is forecast that this will total £0.3m for the full
	year. Most is anticipated to be funded through the Ministry
	of Housing, Communities and Local Government's
	(MHCLG) Sales, Fees and Charges Income guarantee
	scheme, with the balance funded from the Covid-19 budget
	for costs and income losses.

	The overspend reported excludes any impact of the recovery phase for Home to School Transport. At the time of writing the School Transport Service has committed to an additional £0.240m of expenditure to fund extra transport capacity in the systems and anticipate further contingency to be released throughout the first half of the term. On 11 August 2020 the Department for Education (DfE) announced the Local Transport Authority funding allocations. The Council's allocation is £0.5m. This is additional grant to help with the extra costs of providing Home to School Transport in line with the COVID-19 guidance. Modelling is taking place to understand the financial impact of continued extra capacity throughout the school year. Based on the forecast spend up to October, the expectation is that the unspent grant will be carried forward and applied to the period up to the end of the Autumn Term.
Children's Social	Variation
Care	A breakeven position is forecast for this service following
	the virements agreed by Council on 8 September 2020.
Budget £30.8m	Kaylaguag
Variation breakeven	<u>Key Issues</u> At present there are no variances reported in this area.
	At present there are no variances reported in this area.
RAG rating	Financial Impact of COVID-19
-	To date additional funding of £0.074m has been allocated
Green	in relation to Covid-19 costs, with spend to date estimated
Outcomes Achieved	at £0.211m. The forecast for this year is currently up to £1.1m. It is assumed that any shortfall in the budgets at
Yes	present will be met from the Covid-19 budget for costs and income losses.
	The main costs incurred to date relate to an increase in allowances to reflect universal credit increases (£0.032m) and costs relating to isolation for Unaccompanied Children on arrival (£0.156m).
	Additional spend on staff is now very likely following a significant increase in referrals and assessments following the period of lockdown and partial school closures. A large proportion of this demand is also forecast to flow through to longer-term plans for children and families. On the basis of current trends, the cost in this year to meet this additional demand is forecast to be between £0.4m and £0.7m depending on the length of time additional resource is required. This will be linked to how long demand remains higher than capacity of the existing service and will be closely monitored. £0.2m of this had previously be forecast

within the Covid-19 forecast for the Council and therefore
represents an increase of up to £0.5m.

Children's Social Care Countywide Services	Variation A breakeven position is forecast for this service following the virements agreed by Council on 8 September.
Budget £65.5m	<u>Key Issues</u> The forecast here remains risky as packages for individual
Variation breakeven	children can cost in excess of £0.2m per annum, and therefore a small change in demand or children with
RAG rating	significant support needs can have a significant impact on spend within this budget.
Green	
<b>Outcomes Achieved</b> Yes	The demand seen in the referral and assessment service is likely to result in increased demand in the placement budget as some children enter care. Although some of this demand may be experienced this financial year, it is likely that any growth in demand for placements could be experienced over at least one to two years.
	<u>Financial Impact of COVID-19</u> To date additional funding of £0.814m has been allocated in relation to Covid-19 costs, with spend to date estimated at £0.926m. The forecast for this year is currently that there is £1.034m committed but spend could be as high as £3.510m. It is assumed that any shortfall in the budgets at present will be met from the Covid-19 budget for costs and income losses.
	The main areas of spend to date have been in relation to support for families and young people. The costs breakdown in to £0.6m in relation to placements, £0.1m for costs incurred due to the effect of court delays and £0.1m in relation to staffing costs caused by the need for staff to isolate.
Children's Central Costs	<u>Variation</u> A breakeven position is forecast for this service following
	the virements agreed by Council on 8 September 2020.
Budget £5.6m	Key Issues
Variation breakeven	No variance is reported at this time.
<b>RAG rating</b> Green	Financial Impact of COVID-19 No variance is reported due to COVID-19 at this time.
<b>Outcomes Achieved</b> Yes	

Yes

## Annex C Business Management Report September 2020

## **Dedicated School Grant**

High Needs		Variation
		The variation forecast is a forecast overspend of £11.5m.
Budget £58.4	4m	
		Key Issues
Variation	£11.5m	The variance of £11.0m relates to the existing children and
(19.7%) overs	spend	an expected growth in demand for Education, Health and
		Care Plans and support for the current year based on the
RAG rating		currently announced high needs dedicated schools grant
Red		funding. Significant diagnostic work will be undertaken to
		analyse the relationship between activity, increased
Outcomes A	chieved	demand and spending pressures across the SEN funding
Yes		system. Officers will work with Schools, Parents and other
		stakeholders to develop proposals for the High Needs Block
		to move into line with its operating budget in the medium
		term.
		Financial Impact of COVID-19
		There is a forecast cost of £0.5m due to the potential for
		costs to rise and loss of income due to the COVID-19
		pandemic. This is a forecast for the risk of additional
		resources required for all SEN settings to maintain
		appropriate standards as schools reopen.
		It is assumed that any shortfall in the budgets at present will
		be met from the COVID-19 budget for costs and income
		losses.
Early Years		losses. Variation
-	2.44	losses. <u>Variation</u> £0.2m of COVID costs have been funded in the revised
Early Years Budget £38.8	Зm	losses. Variation
Budget £38.8		losses. <u>Variation</u> £0.2m of COVID costs have been funded in the revised budget.
-		Iosses.         Variation         £0.2m of COVID costs have been funded in the revised budget.         Key Issues
Budget £38.8 Variation bre		Iosses.         Variation         £0.2m of COVID costs have been funded in the revised budget.         Key Issues         The Early Years DSG is forecast to overspend by between
Budget £38.8 Variation bre RAG rating		Iosses.Variation £0.2m of COVID costs have been funded in the revised budget.Key Issues The Early Years DSG is forecast to overspend by between £0.5 to £0.6m within year. There has been an increased
Budget £38.8 Variation bre		Iosses.         Variation         £0.2m of COVID costs have been funded in the revised budget.         Key Issues         The Early Years DSG is forecast to overspend by between £0.5 to £0.6m within year. There has been an increased take-up of SEN Inclusion Fund – which supports lower level
Budget £38.8 Variation bre RAG rating Red	eakeven	Iosses.         Variation         £0.2m of COVID costs have been funded in the revised budget.         Key Issues         The Early Years DSG is forecast to overspend by between £0.5 to £0.6m within year. There has been an increased take-up of SEN Inclusion Fund – which supports lower level SEN need in settings and a step change in the number of
Budget £38.8 Variation bre RAG rating Red Outcomes A	eakeven	Iosses.Variation £0.2m of COVID costs have been funded in the revised budget.Key Issues The Early Years DSG is forecast to overspend by between £0.5 to £0.6m within year. There has been an increased take-up of SEN Inclusion Fund – which supports lower level SEN need in settings and a step change in the number of eligible 2 year olds. Options for managing the overspend
Budget £38.8 Variation bre RAG rating Red	eakeven	Iosses.Variation £0.2m of COVID costs have been funded in the revised budget.Key Issues The Early Years DSG is forecast to overspend by between £0.5 to £0.6m within year. There has been an increased take-up of SEN Inclusion Fund – which supports lower level SEN need in settings and a step change in the number of eligible 2 year olds. Options for managing the overspend will be discussed at Schools Forum in November, so this is
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Budget £38.8 Variation bre RAG rating Red Outcomes A	eakeven	Iosses.Variation £0.2m of COVID costs have been funded in the revised budget.Key Issues The Early Years DSG is forecast to overspend by between £0.5 to £0.6m within year. There has been an increased take-up of SEN Inclusion Fund – which supports lower level SEN need in settings and a step change in the number of eligible 2 year olds. Options for managing the overspend will be discussed at Schools Forum in November, so this is reported as breakeven at this time.Financial Impact of COVID-19
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Budget £38.8 Variation bre RAG rating Red Outcomes A	eakeven	Iosses.Variation £0.2m of COVID costs have been funded in the revised budget.Key Issues The Early Years DSG is forecast to overspend by between £0.5 to £0.6m within year. There has been an increased take-up of SEN Inclusion Fund – which supports lower level SEN need in settings and a step change in the number of eligible 2 year olds. Options for managing the overspend will be discussed at Schools Forum in November, so this is reported as breakeven at this time.Einancial Impact of COVID-19 A package of provider support of £1.3m was agreed in April 2020. Spend to date is estimated at £0.5m with a further
Budget £38.8 Variation bre RAG rating Red Outcomes A	eakeven	losses.Variation£0.2m of COVID costs have been funded in the revised budget.Key IssuesThe Early Years DSG is forecast to overspend by between £0.5 to £0.6m within year. There has been an increased take-up of SEN Inclusion Fund – which supports lower level SEN need in settings and a step change in the number of eligible 2 year olds. Options for managing the overspend will be discussed at Schools Forum in November, so this is reported as breakeven at this time.Financial Impact of COVID-19A package of provider support of £1.3m was agreed in April 2020. Spend to date is estimated at £0.5m with a further £0.3m committed. The forecast for this year is currently
Budget £38.8 Variation bre RAG rating Red Outcomes A	eakeven	Iosses.Variation £0.2m of COVID costs have been funded in the revised budget.Key Issues The Early Years DSG is forecast to overspend by between £0.5 to £0.6m within year. There has been an increased take-up of SEN Inclusion Fund – which supports lower level SEN need in settings and a step change in the number of eligible 2 year olds. Options for managing the overspend will be discussed at Schools Forum in November, so this is reported as breakeven at this time.Einancial Impact of COVID-19 A package of provider support of £1.3m was agreed in April 2020. Spend to date is estimated at £0.5m with a further
Budget £38.8 Variation bre RAG rating Red Outcomes A	eakeven	Iosses.Variation£0.2m of COVID costs have been funded in the revisedbudget.Key IssuesThe Early Years DSG is forecast to overspend by between£0.5 to £0.6m within year. There has been an increasedtake-up of SEN Inclusion Fund – which supports lower levelSEN need in settings and a step change in the number ofeligible 2 year olds. Options for managing the overspendwill be discussed at Schools Forum in November, so this isreported as breakeven at this time.Financial Impact of COVID-19A package of provider support of £1.3m was agreed in April2020. Spend to date is estimated at £0.5m with a further£0.3m committed. The forecast for this year is currently£1.3m.
Budget £38.8 Variation bre RAG rating Red Outcomes A	eakeven	losses.Variation£0.2m of COVID costs have been funded in the revisedbudget.Key IssuesThe Early Years DSG is forecast to overspend by between£0.5 to £0.6m within year. There has been an increasedtake-up of SEN Inclusion Fund – which supports lower levelSEN need in settings and a step change in the number ofeligible 2 year olds. Options for managing the overspendwill be discussed at Schools Forum in November, so this isreported as breakeven at this time.Financial Impact of COVID-19A package of provider support of £1.3m was agreed in April2020. Spend to date is estimated at £0.5m with a further£0.3m committed. The forecast for this year is currently£1.3m.The Covid costs relate to provider sustainability payments
Budget £38.8 Variation bre RAG rating Red Outcomes A	eakeven	Iosses.Variation£0.2m of COVID costs have been funded in the revisedbudget.Key IssuesThe Early Years DSG is forecast to overspend by between£0.5 to £0.6m within year. There has been an increasedtake-up of SEN Inclusion Fund – which supports lower levelSEN need in settings and a step change in the number ofeligible 2 year olds. Options for managing the overspendwill be discussed at Schools Forum in November, so this isreported as breakeven at this time.Financial Impact of COVID-19A package of provider support of £1.3m was agreed in April2020. Spend to date is estimated at £0.5m with a further£0.3m committed. The forecast for this year is currently£1.3m.

opening (e.g. out of term-time), and key worker funding where children have been placed away from their usual setting.

It is assumed that any shortfall in the budgets at present will be met from the Covid-19 budget for costs and income losses.

## Adult Services

A breakeven position is forecast for Adult Services against a budget of £196.4m.

The directorate forecast outturn includes  $\pounds 7.5m$  of costs relating to COVID-19, an increase of  $\pounds 0.6m$  from the previous month.

Better Care Fund Pool	<u>Variation</u> A breakeven position is forecast for the pool. No change from the previous month.
Budget £81.8m Variation breakeven	<u>Financial Impact of COVID-19</u> Included in the breakeven position is £4.2m of expenditure relating to costs arising from the COVID-19 pandemic.
<b>RAG rating</b> Green	These include a 10% payment made to contracted care providers in April, May and June 2020.
Outcomes Achieved Yes	Because of a reduction in demand for care home placements there has also been a £0.4m increase in the forecast cost of vacant beds vacancies within the council's block contract arrangements.
	<u>Key Issues</u> The pool combines health and social care expenditure on care homes, activity relating to hospital avoidance and prevention and early support activities for older people and adults with physical disabilities.
	The existing arrangements for the Hospital Discharge Scheme 1 ended on 31 August 2020, with a requirement to move everyone currently funded by the scheme onto business as usual arrangements by 31 March 2021.
	New arrangements for hospital discharges from 1 September 2020 onwards, which support the provision of care for a period of up to six weeks until on-going care needs have been agreed, are now in operation. The funding for Hospital Discharge Scheme 2 is intended to support service activity that has been put in place specifically to support hospital discharge that is additional to business as usual provision, including for people who

	would ordinarily be self – funders, so is more limited than for Scheme 1.
	Although the underlying level of demand for care home placements has reduced in 2020/21, activity has remained fairly stable since last month. However, the people leaving the service during the month have been replaced by more expensive placements so forecast costs have increased. This increase is offset by an update to the forecast cost relating to Funded Nursing Care.
	The forecast assumes that all the in-year savings agreed by Council in September will be achieved.
Adults with Care and Support Needs Pool	<u>Variation</u> A breakeven position is forecast for the pool. No change from the previous month.
Budget £96.3m	
Variation breakeven	<u>Financial Impact of COVID-19</u> Included in the breakeven position is £2.0m of expenditure relating to costs arising from the COVID-19 pandemic.
<b>RAG rating</b> Green	These include a 10% payment made to contracted social care providers in April, May and June 2020.
Outcomes Achieved Yes	Key Issues
	The pool supports a mix of health and social care needs for adults of working age with learning disabilities, acquired brain injury or mental health needs. So far, the COVID-19 pandemic has not increased demand in the pool, but this is continuing to be monitored.
	The 2019/20 health contribution to the pool was £16.4m. Because Oxfordshire Clinical Commissioning Group have been working under a temporary financial regime because of the COVID-19 pandemic, it has not been possible to confirm the health contribution for 2020/21. Pending that update, expected late in October, the forecast assumes the 2020/21 contribution has been rolled forward at the same level as in 2019/20.
	A £0.2m increase in the cost of people with mental health needs falling outside the scope of the Outcome Based Contract with Oxford Health Foundation Trust has been offset by a decrease in the forecast cost of services needed to support people with High Functioning Autism; two service users are now being recognised to be supported through the Outcomes Based Contract.
	The forecast assumes that all the in-year savings agreed by Council in September will be achieved.

	As part of the 2020/21 service and resource planning process £2.75m one-off funding was built into the budget to support pressures relating to Mental Health and Autism within Oxfordshire. Temporary funding arrangements put in place for NHS providers in response to the COVID-19 pandemic mean that some of this funding has not been needed and remains available to meet future pressures. £2.1m is requested to be moved into reserves for use in 2021/22.
Non-Pool Services	<u>Variation</u> A breakeven position is forecast for this service. No change
Budget £11.8m	from the previous month.
Variation breakeven	<u>Financial Impact of COVID-19</u> Included in the breakeven position is £1.3m of expenditure
<b>RAG rating</b> Green	relating to costs arising from the COVID-19 pandemic. These include additional staffing costs and a contribution to Homelessness costs in Oxford City. This is an increase of
<b>Outcomes Achieved</b> Yes	£0.2m from the previous month to cover continuing Adult Social Care workforce pressures. The forecast assumes that this will be covered by the COVID 19 Budget for costs and income losses.
	There is also a forecast loss of income of £0.1m due to the COVID-19 pandemic.
	The forecast assumes that all the in-year savings agreed by Council in September will be achieved.
Commissioning	Variation
Budget £6.5m	A breakeven position is forecast for this service. No change from the previous month.
Variation breakeven	Key Issues
<b>RAG rating</b> Green	The staffing element of the service is currently reporting a breakeven position although further work is needed to
Outcomes Achieved - Yes	validate that.

# Public Health

**A forecast breakeven** position after the assumed use of the grant to fund Public Health eligible spend.

<b>Variation</b> Breakeven against £31.2m ringfenced grant	<u>Variation</u> A breakeven position is forecast for this service. <u>Financial Impact of COVID-19</u>
<b>RAG rating</b> Green	There has been no increase in costs arising from the COVID-19 pandemic or loss of income due to the COVID-
<b>Outcomes Achieved</b> Yes	19 pandemic but there have been one-off savings due to reductions in service provision in line with national directives.
	Key Issues
	The forecast breakeven position is after taking account of $\pounds$ 1.1m reductions in planned spend. This includes a $\pounds$ 1m reduction in spend due to reduced activity in sexual health services due to COVID-19 together with expediting a move to home testing previously scheduled for 2021/22 and a further $\pounds$ 0.2m reduction in spend on NHS health checks due to a mandated ceasing of the face to face service during the pandemic. There is also a $\pounds$ 0.2m underspend relating to staff vacancies at the start of the year.
	Offsetting these savings are cost pressures of <b>£0.1m</b> in residential rehabilitation for drug and alcohol users due to increased demand and <b>£0.2m</b> cost pressure related to additional requirement under the grant to fund NHS pay inflation in contracts.
	Work is progressing to agree £1.1m of spend elsewhere in the council that contributes to Public Health outcomes and is eligible to be funded by the grant in 2020/21.
	The council has received a £2.9m Test and Trace Service Support Grant to support the mitigation against and management of local outbreaks of COVID-19. To date there have been £1.5m of commitments recorded against this allocation.

# **Communities**

**£0.1m** (0.1%) forecast underspend compared to a budget of £87.2m, no change to the financial position previously reported.

Planning & Place Budget £4.9m	<u>Change from previous report</u> There is no change to the financial position previously reported.
Variation £0.0m (0.0%) breakeven RAG rating Green Outcomes Achieved Yes	<u>Financial Impact of COVID-19</u> There is a forecast loss of income of £0.1m of Section 38 income due to the COVID-19 pandemic. It is anticipated that most of the unachieved income will be recovered through the Sales, Fees and Charges Income Guarantee Scheme funded by MHCLG. The remaining pressure will be funded by the COVID-19 budget for costs and income losses.
	Key Issues The breakeven financial position includes a shortfall on the Travel Planning team income target of £0.3m. In 2020/21 this will be mitigated through the use of Road Agreement income, however there could be a future impact next year. The is also a risk of increased costs due to planning appeals against South Oxfordshire District council linked to the delay in the Local Plan adoption. This could amount of £0.350m across 2020/21 and 2021/22 depending on the appeal process outcomes.
Growth & Economy Budget £0.1m	<u>Change from previous report</u> There is no change to the financial position previously reported.
Variation£0.0m(0.0%) breakevenRAG rating GreenOutcomes Achieved Yes	<u>Key Issues</u> There is an on-going risk of a revenue pressure resulting from any reduction in the planned increase in capitalisation of salaries across Planning & Growth and/or not adopting new charge-out rates that do not accommodate service overheads, to support the planned increase cost of the Programme Office.

Communities Management	<u>Change from previous report</u> There is no change to the financial position previously reported.
Budget £0.4m Variation £0.0m (0.0%) breakeven RAG rating	<u>Financial Impact of COVID-19</u> Included in the breakeven position is £0.1m of COVID-19 related expenditure covering Communities Directorate This primarily relates to costs associated with re-opening the Household Waste Recycling Centres.
Green <b>Outcomes Achieved</b> Yes	Key Issues None to be reported
Community Operations Budget £57.9m	<u>Change from previous report</u> There is no change to the financial position previously reported. Although the income losses forecast as a result from the impact of COVID-19 have reduced.
Variation £0.0m (0.0%) breakeven RAG rating Green	<u>Financial Impact of COVID-19</u> There is also a forecast loss of income of £3.0m of income due to the COVID-19 pandemic. This relates to parking and permit income (£1.9m), Supported Transport (£0.9m) and Waste Management (£0.2m). It is anticipated that most o the unachieved income will be recovered through the Sales
<b>Outcomes Achieved</b> Yes	Fees and Charges Income Guarantee Scheme funded by MHCLG. The remaining £0.8m pressure will be funded by the COVID-19 budget for costs and income losses.
	Key Issues The forecast for Waste Management remains breakeven however, there are abnormal monthly fluctuations in spend when compared to the seasonal trend and although this is being closely monitored the future forecast is likely to vary either up or down from the current prediction.
	At the time of writing this report, the recovery phase for Home to School Transport, is underway and the current forecast reflects Government Guidelines, which is largely a return to normal operations. A. The risk still remains however, that social distancing restrictions may be reintroduced later in the year.
	The cost of additional transport needed for a limited number of larger schools requiring an increase in routes to satisfy current social distancing rules, will be funded for the first 6 weeks of the new Academic Year, by a Government grant The forecast outturn for Mainstream Home to Schoo Transport assumes a breakeven position and for SEND a £0.7m underspend is forecast. This underspend is due to

lower than expected growth and spend during - 2019/20 which was then built into the 2020/21 budget on an ongoing basis.

Community Safety	<u>Change from previous report</u> There is no change to the financial position previously
Budget £24.0m	reported.
Variation £0.1m (0.4%) underspend	<u>Financial Impact of COVID-19</u> Included in the breakeven position is £0.1m expenditure relates to the costs arising from the COVID-19 pandemic.
RAG rating	These include equipment costs, secondments to
Green	Ambulance services.
Outcomes Achieved	
Yes	<u>Key Issues</u> None to be reported.

# **Customers & Organisational Development**

**£0.3m** (1.1%) forecast overspend compared to a budget of £27.0m, no change to the financial position previously reported.

Corporate Services	Change from previous report
Budget £2.0m	There is no change to the financial position previously reported.
Variation £0.0m (0%)	
breakeven	<u>Financial Impact of COVID-19</u> Included in the breakeven position is £0.2m of COVID-19
<b>RAG rating</b> Green	related expenditure covering COD Directorate. This includes staff costs for extending the Customer Service Centre operating hours, additional ICT needs to support
<b>Outcomes Achieved</b> Yes	home working, Occupational Health Assessments for non- school staff returning to work and Health & Safety costs for re-opening Libraries.
	Key Issues

None to be reported

0	
Human Resources & Organisational Development	<u>Change from previous report</u> There is no change to the financial position previously reported.
Budget £2.4m	Key Issues
Variation£0.0m(0.0%) breakeven	The review of unfunded posts is complete, and a paper presented to CEDR in September was agreed.
<b>RAG rating</b> Green	
<b>Outcomes Achieved</b> Yes	
Communications, Strategy & Insight	<u>Change from previous report</u> There is no change to the financial position previously reported.
Budget £2.5m	Financial Impact of COVID-19
Variation£0.0m(0.0%) breakeven	There is a forecast loss of income of £0.02m due to the COVID-19 pandemic, relating to lack of provision of data assessment services. It is assumed that this pressure will
<b>RAG rating</b> Green	be met from the COVID-19 budget for cost and income losses.
<b>Outcomes Achieved</b> Yes	<u>Key Issues</u> None to be reported.
ICT & Digital	<u>Change from previous report</u> There is no change to the financial position previously
Budget £9.7m	reported.
Variation£0.0m(0.0%) breakeven	<u>Key Issues</u> The service continues to work to meet its in year savings targets and delivery against the agreed IT strategy,
<b>RAG rating</b> Green	recognising that some projects have been delayed due to the Covid pandemic and that the service is currently respond to increased demand.
<b>Outcomes Achieved</b> Yes	

Culture & Customer	Change from previous report
Experience	There is no change to the financial position previously
	reported.
Budget £10.4m	
	Financial Impact of COVID-19
Variation £0.3m	Included in the above position is £1.9m of COVID-19
(2.9%) overspend	expenditure. These include the setting up and ongoing 'hibernation' costs of the Temporary Place of Rest facility.
RAG rating	
Amber	There is also a forecast loss of income of £1.6m of income
Outcomes Achieved	due to the COVID-19 pandemic. This relates to closure of
No	public libraries (£0.2m), cessation of music lessons (£0.6m) and cessation of all ceremonies and other Registration services (£0.8m). It is anticipated that most of the unachieved income will be recovered through the Sales, Fees and Charges Income Guarantee Scheme funded by MHCLG. The remaining £0.4m pressure will be funded by the COVID-19 budget for costs and income losses. <u>Key Issues</u> Registration, Library and Music Services are gradually
	reopening and beginning to reintroduce chargeable services. It is likely that the services will continue to see less income than budgeted due to COVID19 restrictions and the ongoing effect of this is being closely monitored on a monthly basis

# Commercial Development, Assets & Investment

**£1.3m** (4.0%) forecast underspend compared to a budget of £32.2m a change of - no change to the position previously reported.

Property & Community Facilities Management	<u>Change from previous report</u> There is no change to that reported in the previous financial report.
Budget £17.3m	Financial Impact of COVID-19 There is an underlying loss of income of £1.1m forecast due
<b>Variation</b> -£1.5m (8.7%) underspend	to the COVID-19 pandemic. This includes the loss of income on parent purchased meals across the Summer term and into the Autumn. It is anticipated that most of the
<b>RAG rating</b> Amber	unachieved income will be recovered through the Sales, Fees and Charges Income Guarantee Scheme funded by MHCLG. The remaining £0.3m pressure will be funded by
<b>Outcomes Achieved</b> Yes	the COVID-19 budget for costs and income losses.
	<u>Key Issues</u> None to be reported.

Law & Governance	<u>Change from previous report</u> An overspend of £0.2m is reported.
Budget £5.7m	
	Key Issues
Variation£0.2(3.5%) overspend	
<b>RAG rating</b> Amber <b>Outcomes Achieved</b> Yes	1
Finance	& Change from previous report
Procurement	There is no change to that reported in the previous financia report.
Budget £8.9m	•
<b>J</b>	Financial Impact of COVID-19
Variation£0.0(0.0%) breakeven	
<b>RAG rating</b> Green	the Council to ensure all that all front-line workers me COVID-19 regulations.
Outcomes Achieved Yes	Key Issues The Provision Cycle transformation is cross-directorate and the implementation of Hub and spokes will be subject to timing differences. Depending on the outcome of the Hub consultation and appointment to posts there could be an in year pressure of up to £0.1m, this will be monitored and reported as appropriate.

# **Corporate Measures**

General	As set out in the table on Annex C -4 the current forecast for general balances
Balances	at 31 March 2021 is <b>£30.3m</b> , compared to the position at 1 April 2020 of <b>£28.7m</b> . This position assumes that forecast Directorate underspend of
<b>RAG rating</b> Green	£1.1m and the Strategic Measures underspend of £0.5m are returned to balances.
Reserves	On the 31 March 2020 Earmarked Reserves totalled £102.9m. As set out in
RAG rating Green	Annex 3 reserves are forecast to be <b>£80.2m</b> at 31 March 2021 a increase of $\pm 0.2m$ from last month. The change reflects a decrease of $\pm 0.2m$ in the High Needs Deficit Reserve.
	This position is after a transfer of £6.0m to a new Council Tax Collection Fund Reserve that is subject to agreement by Council 8 September 2020.
	This includes a £22.7m deficit on the High Needs DSG grant reserve which reflects the forecast overspend of £11.7m during 2020/21. This is forecast to be carried forward to future years via earmarked reserves in accordance with recent clarification and guidance from DfE.
Grants	Government grants totalling £387.9m will be received by the Council during
	2020/21. This is an increase of £6.9m since the position reported last month.
RAG rating Green	Changes this month include ringfenced grants relating to the second tranche of the Infection Control Grant ( $\pounds$ 6.3m) and the Food and Essential Supplies (Covid-19) Grant ( $\pounds$ 0.5m), both detailed below, and a grant from the DfE relating to Virtual School Headteacher ( $\pounds$ 0.1m).
	Infaction Control Cront
	Infection Control Grant The first tranche of the Infection Control Grant of £7.3m (part of the £600m national total) was available to support providers with infection control measures from May to September 2020. This was required to be used to support adult social care providers to reduce the rate of COVID-19 transmission in and between care homes (75% of the grant total) and to support wider workforce resilience measures (25% of the grant).
	As at 30 September, $\pounds$ 5.4m was passed to care homes and $\pounds$ 1.4m to domiciliary care providers to provide financial support with infection control measures. $\pounds$ 0.4m was used to support external day time support providers to restart their services safely. Out of the total care home allocation $\pounds$ 0.1m related to duplicate or dual registrations
	Of the total passed to care homes, £0.1m was not spent on eligible activity and £0.2m had not been spent by the end of September. We are awaiting guidance from the Department of Health and Social Care (DHSC) about how these amounts should be handled.
	A second tranche of Infection Control Grant of £6.3m (part of £546m national total) has been allocated to the council to reduce the rate of COVID-19

transmission within and between care settings. The conditions specify that 60% the grant needs to be passed to care homes and a further 20% to domiciliary care providers. 20% of the grant can be allocated at the discretion of the council in line with the relevant guidelines.

The council has received the first half of the grant, with the remainder expected to be available in December if the criteria have all been met. The funding is required to be fully spent by care providers by 31<sup>st</sup> March 2021. Each provider will be required to report on the use of the grant monthly from November onwards.

### Food and Essential Supplies (Covid-19) Grant

A national £63m emergency scheme to support people who are struggling to afford food and other essentials due to COVID-19 was announced by government in June 2020. Details on the local allocation of £0.5m along with guidance on the purpose and use of the fund was published in July and the funding was received on 31 July. Guidance set out that government anticipated the funds would be utilised within 12 weeks.

The funding allocations have been made to upper tier authorities, but councils are expected to collaborate with partners to make most effective use of the funding in the interest of residents.

The Joint District Community Hub Working Group coordinates the Oxfordshire system's community engagement and support activity in relation to COVID-19 and this group was consulted to agree the approach to allocating the funding.

The majority of the funding was passed to the City and District Councils based on a formula that replicated the national allocation. Three County wide schemes also received funding:

## Good Food Oxford - £15,000

- Coordination of Community Food Networks
- Design and deliver of a remotely delivered training package for volunteers at foodbanks and larders
- Second release of the Food Access Map to incorporate post code search facility by user location
- Training volunteer Cooking Tutors in local areas

### Citizens Advice - £30,000

- A project run jointly between the County's Citizen Advice organisations to enhance and expand the existing Benefits in Practice advice service
- The project will pilot a digitally enabled version of the *Benefits in Practice* project, building on existing objectives and established partnerships to

improve access to quality, free, independent advice to those in most need across the whole county.

- This will include
- Digital access and coaching
- County-wide referrals system
- Evaluation

# SOFEA - £7,500

- Support to continue the employment of a warehouse manager to manage additional volumes of goods through the crises period.
- Additional support to SOFEA will be available directly and through applications to VCS organisations that are customers of SOFEA supported to each of the City and District grant schemes.

## Test and Trace Service Support Grant (£2.8m)

This grant is being used to support four pillars of activity agreed with the Health Protection Board:

- Surveillance to monitor COVID-19 activity
- Communication to minimise outbreaks
- Rapid testing in Oxfordshire
- Measures to interrupt transmission

To date there have been £1.5m of commitments recorded against this allocation.

### Contain Outbreak Management Fund

This fund was established by the Department of Health and Social Care on 19 October 2020 to help local authorities put in place proactive containment and intervention measures. The funding will be paid to upper tier authorities with the expectation that it will be distributed to partners.

The grant allocations are linked to the Local COVID alert levels which were put in place on 12 October. Authorities at medium alert level will received funding of £1 per head of population. This increases to £3 per head for high alert areas and £8 per head for areas on very high alert.

Payments will be made on a one-off basis with a top up to higher levels of funding if local areas move into a higher alert category.

At the time of writing, the timing of payment of the grant is unknown. An update will be included in the next monitoring report.

### Tranche 4 – COVID-19 Emergency Funding

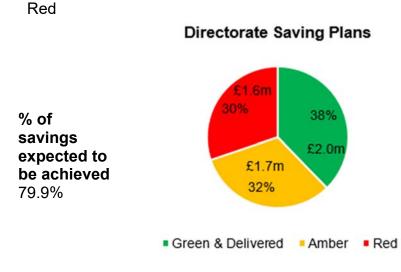
On 21 October 2020, MHCLG announced the allocation of a fourth tranche of unringfenced funding to help local authorities manage the impact of additional costs and pressures. Of the total £1bn fund the Council's allocation is £3.9m. This will take the total ringfenced funding received by the Council to 34.9m. The additional grant will be included in the next monitoring report.

#### Sales Fees and Charges Income Guarantee Scheme

The first claim has been submitted for the Sales, Fees and Charges Income Guarantee Scheme for income losses of £1.4m up to 31 July 2020. The scheme allows Councils to claim 75% of income losses against 95% of the relevant income budgets. At the time of writing the outcome of the application and timing of the grant payment is unknown. Two further claims will be submitted during 2020/21 with the final claim covering the period to 31 March 2021 and including a reconciliation of the total losses for the financial year.

MediumThe 2020/21 budget agreed by Council in February 2020, includes planned<br/>savings of £20.3m of which £14.2m relates to Corporate saving plans and<br/>£6.1m relates to Directorate saving plans. Overall, 83.5% of these savings<br/>have been delivered or are forecast to be delivered by year end compared to<br/>the target of 95% set out in the budget agreed by Council in February 2020.

 $\pm$ 14.2m, 100%, of Corporate Savings Plans have been or are forecast to be delivered by year end.



RAG rating

£2.0m, 38%, of Directorate savings plans have been or are forecast to be delivered by year end.

£1.7m, 32%, are assessed as amber and are at risk of not being delivered in full year.

A further £1.6m, 30% are assessed as red and are not expected to be delivered in year. The majority of these savings relate to income

generation which has been affected by the Covid-19 pandemic.

The budget pressures arising from the non-delivery of savings form part of the Directorate positions reported above.

Some of the service redesign savings due to be achieved in 2020/21 have been temporarily funded as part of the in-year savings proposals. Permanent savings proposals will be included in the 2021/22 Budget and Business Planning process.

	The Revised Budget agreed by Council on 8 September 2020 included additional one off savings proposals in 2020/21 of £14.9m. A significant proportion of the savings have already been delivered as a result of reduced activity up to 31 July 2020 as the Council put in place measures to comply with the Coronavirus Act, Health Protection Regulations and government guidance to manage the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic. The reported position assumes that 100% of the in year savings will be achieved by year end.
Strategic Measures RAG rating	The table in Annex C - 4 sets out average in-house cash balances and average rates of return for September 2020. The current forecast outturn position for in house interest receivable is <b>£3.0m</b> , which is <b>£0.5m</b> above budget.
Green	External Fund dividends are paid quarterly. The forecast outturn position for external fund returns is <b>£3.1m</b> , which is a breakeven position. This is £0.8m below the original budget which has been reduced to reflect the impact of Covid-19 on the performance of the external funds.
	Interest Payable is forecast to be in line with the budgeted figure of <b>£15.0m</b> . The performance indicators relating to treasury management activity are set out in Annex C-4.
	On 8 September 2020 Council agreed to transfer £3.3m from the Corporate Contingency to support increased costs on the placement budget within Children's Social Care. The remaining £1.5m budget to fund the Green Book and Hay pay awards have now been agreed at 2.75%, 0.75% higher than the budgeted amount od 2%. Pay budgets relating to these pay awards will be increased in November to correspond with the payments being made to employees which will include a backdated increase to 1 April 2020.
	The virements agreed by Council on 8 September 2020 included creating expenditure budgets to fund COVID-19 costs that had been incurred or committed to at the end of July. A virement covering the period to the end of October 2020 will be included in the next report. The total financial impact of COVID-19 is forecast to be £50.9m in 2020/21. If this remains unchanged, after taking account of additional funding, by the year end the COVID-19 Budget will be utilised in full. If there is insufficient funding in the COVID-19 Budget to meet costs or lost income, this will need to be met from general balances.
	The current forecast of additional costs and lost income relating to COVID-19

The current forecast of additional costs and lost income relating to COVID-19 for the financial year could change and we continue to revisit assumptions and implications as we move towards the autumn and winter.

As set out in the Corporate Debtors section below there is likely to be an increase in the debt impairment at the end of the year. This would need to be funded by Corporate Contingency or General Balances.

Debt and<br/>Loan WriteThe impact of Covid-19 on overall debt levels remains, as reported in previous<br/>months this is primarily linked to settlement of S106 invoices. Issues<br/>collecting income linked to financial hardship from both business and<br/>individuals accounts for £1.1m of the total debt balance. There is potential<br/>that aged and bad debt will be impacted at year end requiring additional funds<br/>to be added to top up the debtor impairment.Debtors

**RAG rating** Red The average collection rate has started to return to pre-Covid 19 levels; in March 20 the rate was 93.7%. The collection rate based on the value of invoices for this period is 97.8%.

Debt requiring impairment is slightly reduced this month but still well above target; as with last month the majority is linked to S106 arrears. As reported, collection of contributions was paused for these cases in line with government guidance; the service has agreed revised settlement dates on some schemes, however, some are still to be resolved. It is likely that these will not be settled before December. Performance Indicators for this area are set out in Annex C-4.

Debt and<br/>Loan WriteThe invoice collection rate continues to be stable with no material movement;<br/>as reported work is underway to meet the target rate by the end of the year.<br/>The Days Revenue outstanding has increased, this aligns with the increasing<br/>aged and bad debt.

Adult Disruptions to case work are still in effect due to Covid-19 (C19) and levels of bad debt requiring impairment (DRI) have increased slightly for the third consecutive month; the current DRI balance is now £0.162m above the balance held.

**RAG rating** Red The ASC Income team are working through a detailed action plan linked to reducing the level of bad debt by year end. This includes escalating cases quickly to the cross-department debt panel (made up of management representatives from social care, safeguarding, finance, fraud). Progress has been made on several cases and learnings are being taken forward to inform process changes or staff training in both operational and finance teams.

Performance Indicators for this area are set out in Annex C-4.

#### Business Management & Monitoring Report Position to the end of September 2020 Budget Monitoring

	Net Budget (Latest Estimate)	Outturn Forecast Year End	Total Projected Year End Variance	Total Projected Year End Variance	Variance Last Month	Change in Variance	End Traffic Light
Directorate	£000	underspend- overspend+ £000 £000 % £000 £000		Red > 1% Green on track			
Children's Services	131,880	131,880	0	0.0%	0	0	G
Adults Services	196,432	196,432	0	0.0%	0	0	G
Public Health	0	0	0		0	0	
Communities	87,202	87,108	-94	-0.1%	-94	0	G
Customers & Organisational Development	26,953	27,253	300	1.1%	300	0	R
Commerical Development, Assets and Investments	32,192	30,892	-1,300	-4.0%	-1,300	0	R
Directorate Total Net	474,659	473,565	-1,094	-0.2%	-1,094	0	G

#### Business Management & Monitoring Report Position to the end of September 2020 Budget Monitoring

	Net Budget (Latest Estimate)	Outturn Forecast Year End	Total Projected Year End Variance	Total Projected Year End Variance	Variance Last Month	Change in Variance	Projected Year End Traffic Light Red > 1%
Directorate			underspend- overspend+				Green on track
	£000	£000	£000	%	£000	£000	
Contributions to (+)/from (-)reserves	-3,773	-3,773	0	0.0%		0	
Contribution to (+)/from(-) balances	4,591	6,185	1,594	34.7%	1,594	0	
Public Health Saving Recharge	-1,571	-1,571	0	0.0%		0	
Transformation Savings	-300	-300	0	0.0%		0	
Contingency	1,523	1,523	0	0.0%		0	
COVID-19 Contingency	18,267	18,267	0	0.0%		0	
Insurance	2,942	2,942	0	0.0%		0	
Capital Financing	24,077	24,077	0	0.0%		0	
Interest on Balances	-9,649	-10,149	-500	-5.2%	-500	0	
Strategic Measures Budget	36,107	37,201	1,094	3.0%	1,094	0	
Unringfenced Government Grants	-35,061	-35,061	0	0.0%		0	
Council Tax Surpluses	-8,589	-8,589	0	0.0%		0	
Business Rates Top-Up	-40,546	-40,546	0	0.0%		0	
Business Rates From District Councils	-35,125	-35,125	0	0.0%		0	
Council Tax Requirement	391,445	391,445	0	0.0%	0	0	

## Business Management & Monitoring Report Position to the end of September 2020 Budget Monitoring - Children's Services

		Net Budget (Latest Estimate)	Outturn Forecast Year End	Total Projected Year End Variance underspend- overspend+	Total Projected Year End Variance	Variance Last Month	Change in Variance	Projected Year End Traffic Light Red > 1% Green on track
		£000	£000	£000	%	£000	£000	
CEF1	Education & Learning	29,653	29,653	0	0.0%	0		0 <b>G</b>
CEF2	Children's Social Care	30,767	30,767	0	0.0%	0		0 G
CEF3	Children's Social Care Countywide	65,496	65,496	0	0.0%	0		0 G
CEF4	Schools	403	403	0	0.0%	0		0 <b>G</b>
CEF5	Children's Services Central Costs	5,561	5,561	0	0.0%	0		0 <b>G</b>
	Directorate Total	131,880	131,880	0	0.0%	0		0 <mark>G</mark>

## Business Management & Monitoring Report Position to the end of September 2020 Budget Monitoring - Adult Services

		Net Budget (Latest Estimate)	Outturn Forecast Year End	Total Projected Year End Variance underspend- overspend+		Variance Last Month	Change in Variance	En Lig	ojected Year d Traffic ght Red > 1% een on track
		£000£	£000	£000	%	£000	£000		
SCS1-1A	Better Care Pool	79,745	79,745	5 C	0.0%	(	)	0	G
SCS1-1B	Adults with Care and Support Needs Pool	98,362	98,362	C C	0.0%	(	)	0	G
SCS1-2 to SCS1-9	Other Adult Social Care	11,839	11,839	C	0.0%	(	)	0	G
	Subtotal Adult Social Care	189,946	189,946	; C	0.0%	(	)	0	G
SCS3	Commissioning	6,486	6,486	6 C	0.0%	(	)	0	G
	Directorate Total	196,432	196,432	: C	0.0%		)	0	G

## Business Management & Monitoring Report Position to the end of September 2020 Budget Monitoring - Public Health

		Net Budget (Latest Estimate)	Outturn Forecast Year End	Total Projected Year End Variance underspend- overspend+	Total Projected Year End Variance	Variance Last Month	Change in Variance	Projected Year End Traffic Light Red > 1% Green on track
		£000	£000	£000	%	£000	£000	
PH1& 2	Public Health Functions	30,607	30,607	0	0.0%	0		0 <b>G</b>
PH3	Public Health Recharges	633	633	0	0.0%	0		0 <b>G</b>
PH4	Grant Income	-31,240	-31,240	0	0.0%	0	(	0 <b>G</b>
	Transfer to Public Health Reserve	0	0	0	0.0%	0		0 G
	Directorate Total	0	0	0	0.0%	0		0

### Business Management & Monitoring Report Position to the end of September 2020 Budget Monitoring - Communities

		Net Budget (Latest Estimate)	Outturn Forecast Year End	Total Projected Year End Variance underspend- overspend+	Total Projected Year End Variance	Variance Last Month	Change in Variance	Projected Year End Traffic Light Red > 1% Green on track
		£000	£000	£000	%	£000	£000	
PG1	Planning & Growth Management	0	0	0	0.0%	0		0 <b>G</b>
PG2	Planning & Place	4,862	4,862	0	0.0%	0	(	0 <mark>G</mark>
PG3	Growth & Economy	88	88	0	0.0%	0		0 <b>G</b>
	Subtotal Planning & Growth	4,950	4,950	0	0.0%	0		0
COM1	Communities Management	436	436	0	0.0%	0		0 <b>G</b>
COM2	Community Operations	57,852	57,852	0	0.0%	0		0 <b>G</b>
COM4	Community Safety	23,964	23,870	-94	-0.4%	-94		0 <b>G</b>
	Subtotal Communities	82,252	82,158	-94	-0.1%	-94	(	0 <b>G</b>
	Directorate Total	87,202	87,108	-94	-0.1%	-94		0 <b>G</b>

### Business Management & Monitoring Report Position to the end of September 2020 Budget Monitoring - Customers and Organisational Development

		Net Budget (Latest Estimate)	Outturn Forecast Year End	Total Projected Year End Variance underspend- overspend+	Total Projected Year End Variance	Variance Last Month	Change in Variance	Projected Year End Traffic Light Red > 1% Green on track
		£000	£000	£000	%	£000	£000	
COD1	Corporate Services	1,962	1,962	0	0.0%	0		0 G
COD2	Human Resources & Organisational Development	2,375	2,375	0	0.0%	0		0 <b>G</b>
COD3	Communications, Strategy & Insight	2,466	2,466	0	0.0%	0		0 G
COD4	ICT & Digital	9,736	9,736	0	0.0%	0		0 G
COD5	Culture & Customer Experience	10,414	10,714	300	2.9%	300		0 R
	Directorate Total	26,953	27,253	300	1.1%	300		0 <b>G</b>

#### Business Management & Monitoring Report Position to the end of September 2020 Budget Monitoring - Customers and Organisational Development

		Net Budget (Latest Estimate)	Outturn Forecast Year End	Total Projected Year End Variance underspend- overspend+	Forecast COVID-19 Variance	Forecast Business as Usual Variance	Total Projected Year End Variance	Variance Last Month	Change in Variance	Projected Year End Traffic Light Red > 1% Green on track
		£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	%	£000	£000	
CDAI1	Property, Investment & Facilities Management	17,311	15,811	-1,500	0	0	-8.7%	-1,500		D R
CDAI2	Law & Governance	5,739	5,939	200	0	0	3.5%	200		D <mark>R</mark>
CDAI3	Finance & Procurement	8,878	8,878	0	0	0	0.0%	0		) <mark>G</mark>
CDAI4	CDAI Management Costs	264	264	0	0	0	0.0%	0		) <mark>G</mark>
	Directorate Total	32,192	30,892	-1,300	0	0	-4.0%	-1,300		) <mark>G</mark>

#### Business Management & Monitoring Report: Children's Services Position to the end of September 2020 Revenue Budget Monitoring

		B Original Budget	UDGET 2020/21 Movement to Date	Latest Estimate
		£000	£000	£000
CEF1	Education & Learning			
CELLI	Gross Expenditure	92,408	-2,248	90.160
	Gross Income	-61,899	1,392	
		30,509	-856	
CEF2	Children's Social Care	50,000	000	Latest Estimate £000 90,160 -60,507 29,653 33,008 -2,241 30,767 70,259 -4,763 65,496 189,656 -189,253 403 6,080 -519 5,561 389,163 -257,283 131,880 117,065 58,381 38,753 4,126
0212	Gross Expenditure	36,328	-3,320	33.008
	Gross Income	-3,260	1,019	
		33,068	-2,301	
CEF3	Children's Social Care Countywide Services	33,000	2,501	50,101
0210	Gross Expenditure	65,463	4,796	70.259
	Gross Income	-4,245	-518	
		61,218	4,278	
CEF4	Schools		.,	8 65,496
	Gross Expenditure	190,476	-820	189.656
	Gross Income	-190,260	1,007	-189,253
		216	187	
CEF5	Children's Services Central Costs			
	Gross Expenditure	6,182	-102	Estimate £000 90,160 -60,507 29,653 33,008 -2,241 30,767 70,259 -4,763 65,496 189,656
	Gross Income	-519	0	
		5,663	-102	
	Expenditure Total	390,857	-1,694	389 163
	Income Total	-260,183	2,900	
	Total Children's Services Net Budget	130,674	1,206	
			_,,	,
MEMORA	NDUM: DEDICATED SCHOOLS GRANT - DSG Funded Expenditure (Gross)			
	Schools DSG	121,258	-4,193	
	High Needs DSG	52,798	5,583	
	Early Years DSG	37,375	1,378	
	Central DSG	4,118	8	
	Total Gross	215,549	2,776	218,32!

#### Business Management & Monitoring Report: Children's Services Position to the end of September 2020 Revenue Budget Monitoring

		В	UDGET 2020/2	1
		Original Budget	Movement to Date	Latest Estimate
		£000	£000	£000
SCS1	Adult Social Care			
SCS1-1A	Better Care Fund Pool Contribution			
	Gross Expenditure.	79,720	25	79,745
	Gross Income.	0	Budget         to Date           £000         £000           £000         £000           79,720         25           0         0           79,720         25           0         0           79,720         25           95,358         3,004           -2         2           95,356         3,006           32,914         -1,274           -19,582         -219           13,332         -1,493           13,332         -1,493           6,700         1,097	0
		79,720	25	79,745
SCS1-1B	Adults with Care and Support Needs Pool Contribution	05 350	2 00 4	00.000
	Gross Expenditure.			98,362
	Gross Income.		= =	0
		95,356	3,006	98,362
SCS1-2 to SCS	I-9 Other Adult Social Care Services			
	Gross Expenditure	32,914	-1.274	31,640
	Gross Income			-19,801
			-1,493	11,839
	Total Adult Social Care	188,408	1,538	189,946
SCS2	Commissioning			
	Gross Expenditure	6,700	1,097	7,797
	Gross Income	-1,061	-250	-1,311
	Total Commissioning	5,639	847	6,486
	Expenditure Total	214,692	2,852	217,544
	Income Total	-20,645	-467	-21,112
	Total Adult Services Net Budget	194,047	2,385	196,432

# Business Management & Monitoring Report: Children's Services Position to the end of September 2020 Revenue Budget Monitoring

		BUDGET 2020/21			
		Original Budget	Movement to Date	Latest Estimate	
		£000	£000	£000	
PH1&2	Public Health Functions				
	Gross Expenditure	29,317	1,518	30,835	
	Gross Income	-228	0	-228	
		29,089	1,518	30,607	
PH3	Public Health Recharges				
	Gross Expenditure	633	0	633	
	Gross Income	0	0	0	
		633	0	633	
PH4	Grant Income				
	Gross Expenditure	0	0	0	
	Gross Income	-29,722	-1,518	-31,240	
		-29,722	-1,518	-31,240	
	Expenditure Total	29,950	1,518	31,468	
	Income Total	-29,950	-1,518	-31,468	
	Total Public Health Net Budget	0	0	0	

# Business Management & Monitoring Report: Communities Position to the end of September 2020 Revenue Budget Monitoring

		BUDGET 2020/21			
		Original Budget	Movement to Date	Latest Estimate	
		£000	£000	£000	
	Planning & Growth				
PG1	Planning & Growth Management				
	Gross Expenditure	0	0	0	
	Gross Income	0	0	0	
		0	0	0	
PG2	Planning & Place				
	Gross Expenditure	11,412	2,661	14,073	
	Gross Income	-6,198	-3,013	-9,211	
		5,214	-352	4,862	
PG3	Growth & Economy				
	Gross Expenditure	625	0	625	
	Gross Income	-537	0	-537	
		88	0	88	
	Total Planning & Growth	5,302	-352	4,950	

# Business Management & Monitoring Report: Communities Position to the end of September 2020 Revenue Budget Monitoring

		BUDGET 2020/21				
		Original Budget	Movement to Date	Latest Estimate		
		£000	£000	£000		
	Communities					
COM1	Communities Management					
•••	Gross Expenditure	0	0	0		
	Gross Income	0	0	0		
		0	0	0		
COM2	Community Operations					
	Gross Expenditure	100,345	2,461	102,806		
	Gross Income	-41,386	-3,568	-44,954		
		58,959	-1,107	57,852		
COM4	Community Safety					
	Gross Expenditure	27,865	-1,074	26,791		
	Gross Income	-3,120	293	-2,827		
		24,745	-781	23,964		
	Total Communities	83,704	-1,452	82,252		
	Expenditure Total	140,247	4,484	144,731		
	Income Total	-51,241	-6,288	-57,529		
	Total Communities Net Budget	89,006	-1,804	87,202		

#### Business Management & Monitoring Report: Communities Position to the end of September 2020 Revenue Budget Monitoring

		В	<b>BUDGET 2020/21</b>		
		Original Budget	Movement to Date	Latest Estimate	
		£000	£000	£000	
COD1	Corporate Services				
	Gross Expenditure	1,751	211	1,962	
	Gross Income	0	0	0	
		1,751	211	1,962	
COD2	Human Resources & Organisational Development				
	Gross Expenditure	3,621	-76	3,545	
	Gross Income	-1,179	9	-1,170	
		2,442	-67	2,375	
COD3	Communications, Strategy & Insight				
	Gross Expenditure	4,127	-64	4,063	
	Gross Income	-1,108	-489	-1,597	
		3,019	-553	2,466	
COD4	ICT & Digital				
	Gross Expenditure	11,531	-752	10,779	
	Gross Income	-317	-726	-1,043	
		11,214	-1,478	9,736	
COD5	Culture & Customer Experience				
	Gross Expenditure	16,570	1,540	18,110	
	Gross Income	-8,408	712	-7,696	
		8,162	2,252	10,414	
	Expenditure Total	37,600	859	38,459	
	Income Total	-11,012	-494	-11,506	
	Total Customers & Organisational Development Net Budget	26,588	365	26,953	

#### Business Management & Monitoring Report: Commercial Development, Assets & Investment Position to the end of September 2020 Revenue Budget Monitoring

<b>BUDGET 2020/21</b>						
Original Budget	Movement to Date	Latest Estimate				
<b>6000</b>	6000	<b>COOO</b>				

		£000	£000	£000
CD 414				
CDAI1	Property, Investment & Facilities Management			
	Gross Expenditure	30,532	-5,480	25,052
	Gross Income	-11,058	3,317	-7,741
	Total Property, Investment & Facilities Management	19,474	-2,163	17,311
CDAI2	Law & Governance			
	Gross Expenditure	6,637	-102	6,535
	Gross Income	-797	1	-797
	Total Law & Governance	5,840	-101	5,738
CDAI3	Finance & Procurement			
	Gross Expenditure	9,820	1,856	11,676
	Gross Income	-2,485	-313	-2,798
	Total Finance & Procurement	7,335	1,543	8,878
CDAI4	Finance & Procurement			
	Gross Expenditure	9,820	264	264
	Gross Income	-2,485	0	0
	Total Finance & Procurement	7,335	264	264
	Expenditure Total	56,809	-3,462	43,527
	Income Total	-16,825	3,005	-11,336
	Total Commerical Development, Assets & Investment Net Budget	39,984	-457	32,191

#### Business Management Report Position to the end of September 2020

#### CABINET IS RECOMMENDED TO NOTE THE VIREMENTS AS DETAILED BELOW:

Directorate	Month of	Month of	Narration	Budget Book Line	Service Area	Permanent /	Expenditure	Income
(CD = Cross	Cabinet	Directorate				Temporary	+ increase /	- increase /
Directorate)	meeting	MMR					- decrease	+ decrease
							£000	£000
CS	Nov	Sep	Hn DSG Budget re allocation Jul 2020	CEF1-2	SEND	Р	-1,167	1,167
				CEF4-1	Delegated Budgets	Р	-825	825
			Family Solutions Plus Budget Creation	CEF2-1	Management & Central Costs	Т	984	0
				CEF2-2	Social Care	Т	-980	0
				CEF3-2	Safeguarding	Т	89	0
				CEF3-4	Youth Offending Service	Т	-34	0
				CEF5-1	Management, Admin & Central Support	Т	-59	0
					Service Recharges			
			Under 18's - Staff/Hsg Property Management contract & Rental contract	CEF2-2	Social Care	Т	22	C
				CEF3-1	Corporate Parenting	Т	-46	24
			Budget virement to setup the budget for the new YPSH Commissioned service for Support charges for 18 + young people	CEF2-2	Social Care	Т	0	C
				CEF3-1	Corporate Parenting	Т	444	-444
			Extension of the role of Virtual School Head grant	CEF1-3	Learning & School Improvement	Т	66	-66
			Children In Care Council Allocation	CEF3-2	Safeguarding	Т	20	0
				CEF5-1	Management, Admin & Central Support	Т	-20	0
					Service Recharges			
COD	Nov	Sep	Funding for food and essential supplies proposal	COD3	Communications, Strategy & Insight	Т	507	-507
СОМ	Nov	Sep	Additional Dedicated Home to School and College Transport Grant	COM2-2	Infrastructure Operations	Т	519	-519
Grand Total		•	• •	•	•		-480	480

#### Business Management & Monitoring Report - September 2020 Cabinet - 19 November 2020 Earmarked Reserves

Earmarkeu Reserves		2020/21				
	Balance at 1 April 2020	Movement	Balance at 31 March 2021	Last reported forecast a at 31 March 2021	U U	Commentary
	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	
Schools' Reserves	14,565	13	14,578	14,57	8 0	In accordance with the Education Reform Act 1988, the scheme of Local Management of Schools provides for the carry forward of individual schools surpluses and deficits. These reserves are committed to be spent on schools. Other School Reserves cover a number of miscellaneous education activities, including amounts loaned to individual schools against school reserves, and School Partnership Accounts which are operated in respect of inter- school activities, primarily relating
Vehicle and Equipment Reserve	2,871	-871	2,000	2,00	0 0	This reserve is to fund future replacements of vehicles and equipment.
*Grants and Contributions Reserve	21,415	-32,461	-11,046	-11,24	6 200	This reserve has been set up to hold unspent grants and contributions committed to be spent in future years. This includes the Dedicated Schools Grant and Public Health Grant
Government Initiatives	806	-605	201	20	1 0	This reserve is used to hold underspends on budgets funded by unringfenced grants held that relate to specific agreed outcomes or the implementation of Government initiatives.

#### **Business Management & Monitoring Report - September 2020** Cabinet - 19 November 2020 Earmarked Reserves

		2020/21				
	Balance at 1 April 2020	Movement	Balance at 31 March 2021	Last reported forecast as at 31 March 2021	Change in closing balance to last forecast	Commentary
	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	
Trading Accounts	542	-240	302	302	0	This reserve holds funds relating to traded activities to help manage investment.
Council Elections	531	218	749	749	0	This will be used to fund future elections. In years where no County Elections take place any underspend on the Council Elections budget will be transferred to this reserve.
Partnership Reserves	3,003	0	3,003	3,003	0	To be spent on OxLEP related project expenditure and the Growth Deal
On Street Car Parking	2,010	0	2,010	2,010	0	This surplus has arisen under the operation of the Road Traffic Regulation Act 1984 (section 55). The purposes for which these monies can be used are defined by statute.
Transformation Reserve	3,134	-934	2,200	2,200	0	£1.0m allocated over 2019/20 and 2020/21 to provide seed funding for locality based youth provision
Demographic Risk Reserve	3,000	3,000	6,000	6,000	0	In light of the significant pressures relating to High Needs DSG and other budgets with demographic volatility. This reserve will help to manage demographic risk.
Youth Provision Reserve	1,000	-1,000	0	0	0	This reserve is needed to fund the implementation costs of the Council's Transformation programme.
Budget Prioritisation Reserve	3,444	-1,459	1,985	1,985	0	This reserve is being used to support the implementation of the Council's proirities and the Medium Term Financial Plan.

#### **Business Management & Monitoring Report - September 2020** Cabinet - 19 November 2020 **Earmarked Reserves**

		2020/21				
	Balance at 1 April 2020	Movement	Balance at 31 March 2021	Last reported forecast as at 31 March 2021	Change in closing balance to last forecast	Commentary
	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	
Insurance Reserve	11,392	-1,000	11,392	11,392	0	This reserve covers the County Council for insurance claims that, based on the previous experience of the County Council, are likely to be received, as well as a number of insurance related issues.
Business Rates Reserve	1,049	0	1,049	1,049	0	This reserve is to smooth the volatility of Business Rates income.
Capital Reserves	33,554	1,685	35,239	35,239	0	This reserve has been established for the purpose of financing capital expenditure in future years.
Budget Equalisation Reserve	0	0	0	0	0	This reserve is being used to manage the cash flow implications of the variations to the Medium Term Financial Plan.
Investment Pump Priming Reserve	0	2,000	2,000	2,000	0	
Council Tax Collection Fund Reserve	0	6,000	6,000	6,000	0	
Redundancy Reserve	548	2,000	2,548	2,548	0	
Total Reserves	102,864	-23,654	80,210	80,010	200	
*Includes DSG High Needs Deficit Reserv	-11,221	-11,500	-22,721			

# **General Balances**

General Balances at 31 March 2020	£m	£m 24.1
Planned contribution as per MTFP in 2020/21 General Balances at 1 April 2020		<u>4.6</u> <b>28.7</b>
Directorate and Strategic Measures Underspend		1.6
Projected Level of General Balances at 31 March 2021		
Risked Assessed Level of General Balances 2020/21		23.4

# Strategic Measures

Month	Average cash	Average rate of	
	balance	return	
September 2020	£396.24m	0.88%	

Performance Indicator	Actual	Target
Average interest rate achieved in-house compared to treasury	0.88%	>=0.85%
Management Budgeted Rate		
Average Annualised Return achieved compared to Benchmark Rate*	3.20%	>=3.75%
(Pooled Fund)		

# Debt and Loan Write Offs & Impairments - Corpotate Debtors

# Corporate Debtors

Performance Indicator	Target	July	August	September
Invoice collection rate	97.50%	89.20%	83.60%	92.20%
Avg. days outstanding	35	20	25	25
Debt requiring impairment	<£0.30m	£1.12m	£1.08m	£1.05m
Unsecure debt over 1 year	<£0.50m	£1.03m	£1.05m	£1.03m
Write offs as % of income YTD	<0.10%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

# Adult Contribution to Care Charges

Performance Indicator	Target	July	August	September
Invoice collection rate	92.00%	90.60%	90.30%	90.30%
Avg. days outstanding	100	114	115	116
Debt requiring impairment	<£2.00m	£2.88m	£2.95m	£2.97m
Unsecure debt over 1 year	<£1.60m	£3.88m	£4.09m	£3.88m
Write offs as % of income YTD	<1.0%	0.17%	0.17%	0.88%